



# GUIDE FOR COMPLETION FOR MINERAL AND PETROLEUM RESOURCES ROYALTY



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#### 1 SUMMARY

- a) The purpose of this guide is to provide the guidelines regarding the administration of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty Act and the completion of the Mineral Royalty registration form/payment advice/annual return.
- b) In the past, mineral and petroleum resources were privately owned, meaning that payment for the extraction of these resources was payable to the State only under certain circumstances, e.g. where mining had been conducted on State-owned land.
- c) To bring South Africa in line with prevailing international norms, the Department of Mineral Resources promulgated the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (MPRDA) in terms of which these resources are recognised as belonging to the nation and the State is the custodian.
- d) In terms of section 3(2)(b) of the MPRDA (as amended) the Minister of Mineral Resources may prescribe and levy any fees payable to the State for these resources in consultation with the Minister of Finance, who, in terms of section 3(4) must determine and levy the State royalty by means of an Act of Parliament.
- e) SARS will collect the royalties for these resources in terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty Act, 2008 and the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty (Administration) Act, 2008. As is the case for all other duties, levies, fees or money collected by SARS, the royalties collected on mineral and petroleum resources are paid into the State's Revenue Fund and used in the allocation of funds for different purposes by the National Treasury on an annual basis.

# 2 WHO MUST REGISTER

- a) The following persons must register for the payment of royalties to SARS:
  - Any person holding a prospecting right; mining right; retention permit; exploration right; mining permit or production permit; or a lease or sublease in respect of such a right as envisaged in the MPRDA;
  - ii) Any person who has extracted a mineral or petroleum resource in the Republic of South Africa.
  - The persons that are existing right holders or within sixty (60) days after qualifying for registration for new right holders are liable for registration as from 1 November 2009.
- b) **Note:** None of the prospecting rights and mining rights is transferable, unless the Minister of Mineral Resources grants written permission as found in section 11 of the MPRDA.

# 2.1 Registration, Filing, and Payment obligations for MPRR

- a) The new changes regarding the MPRR registration is that the MPR1 form, which could only be completed manually and sent through to Large Business via email, can now be done through walk-ins to Large Business Unit and on eFiling via RAV01 (How to complete the Registration Amendments and Verification Form), and it is a real-time process, refer to GEN-REG-01-G04 How to complete the Registration Amendments and Verification Form External Guide to register on eFiling.
- b) The Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty return (MPR3) can be obtained by downloading MPR3 via SARS website www.sars.gov.za/Types of Tax/Mineral and Petroleum Resource.
- c) The old Mineral and Petroleum Resources Payment advice (MPR2) and Mineral and Petroleum Resources Return (MPR3) have been incorporated into one Mineral and Petroleum Resources Return (MPR3). In order to declare you must complete the standardised Return (MPR3).
- d) The MPR3 return has been standardised to cater for all the attributes namely filing, payment and return obligations below:

MPR	3 Return	Filing	Payment
i)	1st Estimate	First Estimate return must be submitted before the end of six (6) months, after the start of the year of assessment; Second Estimate return	First payment – 50% of estimated total liability for the year of assessment – six (6) months after start of financial year.  Second payment – balance
ii)	2nd Estimate	must be submitted before the end of the year of assessment (therefore before the end of 12 months after the start of the year of assessment – applicable if no change was made to the financial year end);	of estimated total liability for the year of assessment – at financial year-end (therefore before the end of 12 months after the start of the year of assessment - applicable if no change was made to the financial year end).
iii)	3rd Optional/ Top - up	An optional third top-up return, referred to as the "Return of Excess", can be used to declare additional liability for the year of assessment, that was not catered for in the first and second estimate returns (therefore, if required, before the end of 18 months after the start of the year of assessment - applicable if no change was made to the financial year end).	Optional Top-up Third Payment – Amounts not catered for in first and second estimate for the year of assessment (therefore, if required, before the end of 18 months after the start of the year of assessment - applicable if no change was made to the financial year end).
iv)	Final Settlement	An annual return must be submitted twelve months after the end of the year of assessment for final reconciliation purposes.	Final liability settlement – 12 months after year-end, where final return liability exceeds the payments made for 1st and 2nd, Estimate and optional 3rd payment.

e) The filing process for tax type MPRR will consist of provisional estimated returns that will be reconciled with a final return. The diagram below describes the filing cycle for a financial year of assessment for tax type MPRR.



- f) **Note:** There is also progressive filing, which refers to the submission of the 2nd estimate return, which will fulfil the 1st estimate returns' filing obligation.
- g) An entity registered for Mineral and Petroleum Resources must submit an annual return (using the MPR3 return) to SARS to declare their Mineral and Petroleum Resources liability, within twelve (12) months of the company's year-end.
- h) The estimate return must now also be submitted on the new standardised MPR3 return, still as per the current process, the same way as how the payment advice was submitted for SARS to verify the payment once the estimate return has been submitted.



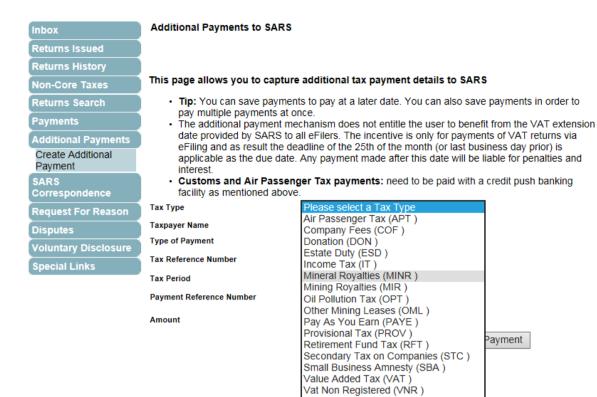
- i) The rates for the Mineral and Petroleum Resource Royalties are determined according to a formula stipulated in subsections (1) and (2) of section 4 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalties Act, 2008. The rates differentiate between the refined and unrefined conditions of the extracted resources, and the current range of rates are as follows:
  - i) For refined mineral resources: a minimum of 0.5% to a maximum of 5%.
  - ii) For unrefined mineral resources: a minimum of 0.5% to a maximum of 7%.
- f) Legislative amendments have been gazetted in December 2023, for the calculation of Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty (MPRR) in respect of the transfer of a refined mineral resource that is oil and gas. As specified by legislation, this change will take effect on 1 January 2024 and will apply to years of assessment commencing on or after that date.
- j) Late payments, penalties and interest:
  - i) If the difference between the final royalty payable, minus payments made on the first and second estimates is greater than 20% of the final royalty, then a penalty will be raised against the taxpayer for that year of assessment of up to 20 % of the excess amount.
  - ii) The penalty is payable within thirty (30) days from the date on which it was imposed.
  - iii) If you fail to make payment, as prescribed by the Commissioner, interest will be calculated and imposed on a monthly basis with respect to the amount of Mineral and Petroleum Royalty chargeable as per sections 14, 15 and 16 in the Mineral and Petroleum Royalty Administration Act.
- k) **Note:** The income tax reference number is the reference number for mineral royalty purposes.

#### 3 HOW TO MAKE THE PAYMENT ON EFILING

- a) If already using eFiling and making payments via eFiling:
  - i) Continue to use ONLY eFiling process for making MPRR payments.

Inbox	Additional Payments to SARS					
Returns Issued						
Returns History						
Non-Core Taxes	This page allows you to capture additional tax payment details to SARS					
Returns Search		Tip: You can save payments to pay at a later date. You can also save payments in order to				
Payments	<ul> <li>pay multiple payments at o</li> <li>The additional payment me</li> </ul>	echanism does not entitle the user to benefit from the VAT extension				
Additional Payments		all eFilers. The incentive is only for payments of VAT returns via eadline of the 25th of the month (or last business day prior) is				
Create Additional Payment		Any payment made after this date will be liable for penalties and				
SARS Correspondence	<ul> <li>Customs and Air Passen facility as mentioned above</li> </ul>	ger Tax payments: need to be paid with a credit push banking				
Request For Reason	Тах Туре	Mineral Royalties (MINR )				
Disputes	Taxpayer Name					
Voluntary Disclosure	Type of Payment	Mineral Royalties Normal Payment ✓				
Special Links	Mineral Royalties Normal Payment. Please be aware that in order to make a payment for the selected tax type you are required to be registered for income Tax. If you are not registered for income Tax please present your payment at the nearest SARS branch office. The reference number provided with this payment must be the Income Tax Reference number.					
	Tax Reference Number					
	Amount					
		Make Payment Save Payment				





#### b) eFiling payment process:

- c) Log onto eFiling;
  - i) Use the 'Additional Payments' tab;
  - ii) Select 'Mineral Royalty (MINR)';
  - iii) Capture details as requested (using current Income Tax reference number);
  - iv) Capture amount per new format MPR3 declaration;
  - v) Submit to bank:
  - vi) Log onto banking online function and release the payment request from eFiling.
- d) Payments can be made via eFiling Additional Payment function (also referred to as "Ad Hoc" payment) or 'SARS Other' when it comes to EFT, apply the 19-digit rules and each payment must be accompanied by the completed Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty return (MPR3).

Withholding Tax on Royalties (WTR)

# 4 HOW TO REGISTER / DEREGISTER MINERALS AND PETROLEUM ROYALTIES (MPRR)

- a) The registration of Minerals and Petroleum Royalties (MPRR) can be done by walkin to the Large Business Unit and on eFiling, via a RAV01. Refer to the "How to complete the Registration Amendments and Verification Form "Guide).
- b) The deregistration of Minerals and Petroleum Royalties (MPRR) can be done by walkin to the Large Business Unit and on eFiling via the RAV01 (Please refer to the "How to complete the Registration Amendments and Verification Form" Guide).
- c) **Note:** Despite deregistration, the registered person will still be liable for any obligations they still have (anything done or omitted or to be done by that person).

#### 4.1 Relevant Material (Supporting Documents) Required for Completing the MPRR

a) For the relevant material required to register and submit a return for the MPRR, refer to www.sars.gov.za / Client Segments / Pages / Relevant-Material-or-Supporting-Documents.



# 5 HOW TO COMPLETE AND SUBMIT THE RETURN (MPR3) WITH DETAILS

a) The New MPR3 return **MUST** be printed, scanned and emailed to mineralroyalty@sars.gov.za.

#### 5.1 Completion of the Return (MPR3)

#### a) Taxpayer reference number:

i) The registration number that an Individual/Company/Unincorporated Body of Persons obtains from SARS when registering for income tax.

#### b) Year of assessment:

- Means in the case of a natural person or trust, the period commencing on 1 March and ending on the last day of February of the following year;
- ii) In the case of any other person, the period commencing on the first day of that person's financial year and ending on the last day of that financial year, and if any financial year begins on any day other than the first day of a month, that financial year is deemed to begin on the first day of that month.

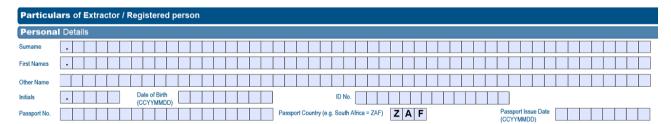
# c) Period:

i) Select the period/return type (First [1st] payment, Second [2nd] payment, Return of Excess and Annual Return).

SARS Mineral and Petroleum Resources	Tax Reference Number Year of Assessment	MPR3
Royalty Return	Period: First Second Return of Annual	

#### 5.2 Personal Details

- a) Complete the following fields:
  - i) Surname;
  - ii) First names;
  - iii) Other Name;
  - iv) Initials;
  - v) Date of Birth (CCYYMMDD);
  - vi) ID No.:
  - vii) Passport No.;
  - viii) Passport Country code (South Africa = ZAF).
  - ix) Passport Issue Date (CCYYMMDD).



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#### 5.3 Company/Trust/Partnership and Other Entities

- a) Complete the following fields:
  - i) Nature of the Entity;
  - ii) Company/CC/ Trust Registration No;
  - iii) Main Industry Classification Code;
  - iv) Registration Date (CCYYMMDD);
  - v) Financial Year End (MM);
  - vi) Registered Name;



- vii) Country of Registration (South Africa = ZAF);
- viii) Trading Name.

Company	rust / Partnerships and Other Entities	
Nature of Entity		
Company / CC / Trust Reg	Main Industry Classification Code (CCYYMMDD)  Registration Date (CCYYMMDD)	Financial Year End (MM)
Registered Name	Cou	untry of Registration g.South Africa = ZAF)
		y.communica 27m y
Trading name		

#### 5.4 Contact Person Details

- a) Complete the following fields:
  - i) First names;
  - ii) Surname:
  - iii) Capacity;
  - iv) Tel No.;
  - v) Mark with an "X" if you do not have an email address;
  - ví) Contact Email.

Contac	ct Person Details	
First Name		
Surname		
Capacity		
Tel No.	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 Mark here if you declare that you do not have an email address	X
Contact Email		

# 5.5 Partnership Details

- a) This section is only applicable if the entity consists of multiple partners (unincorporated body of persons).
- b) Select the type of the Extractor/Registered person as per list on the return (e.g. Individual, Company/Trust/Partnership and Other entities, Combination both "Individual" and "Company/Trust/Partnership and/or Other Entities" selected).
- c) **Note:** Whichever option (e.g. First (1st) payment, Second (2nd) payment, Return of Excess and Annual Return) you choose to complete, you are required to complete the demographic fields as per entity type. Please refer to *Section 5.6* for individual demographic details, *Section 5.7* for company/close corporation/trust demographic details and *Section 6.8* for both individuals and company/close corporation/trust demographic details.

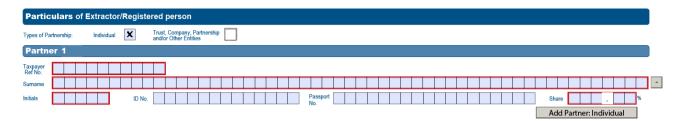
Partnership Details					
Types of Partnership:	Individual		Trust, Company, Partnership and/or Other Entities		

#### 5.6 Partner One Details (As an Individual)

- a) If an individual is selected, complete the following details as per return.
  - Taxpayer Reference No.;
  - ii) Surname;
  - iii) Initials;
  - iv) ID No.;
  - v) Passport No.;
  - vi) Share (%).
- b) Add Partner "Individual" (This button is to add more individual Partners and an extra container will be displayed and must be completed).

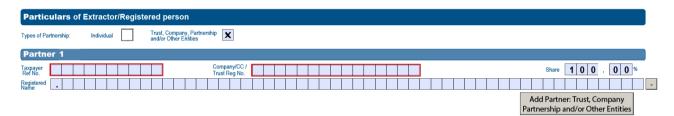


c) To remove an "Individual Partner" (There is a button on the left) to remove an individual partner if no longer required.



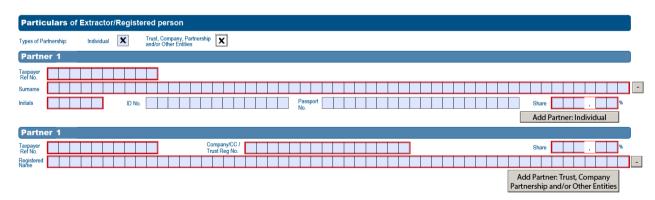
# 5.7 Partner One Details (As Company/Trust/Partnership and Other Entities)

- a) If Company/Trust/Partnership and Other entities are selected, complete the following details as per return.
  - i) Taxpayer Reference No.;
  - ii) Company/CC/Trust Registration No.;
  - iii) Share (%);
  - iv) Registered Name.
- b) Add Partner "Trust, Company, Partnership and/or Other Entities" (This button is to add more partner(s) and an extra container will be displayed. The container must be completed).
- c) To remove the partner "Trust, Company, Partnership and/or Other Entities Partner(s)" (There is a button on the left) to remove (Trust, Company, Partnership and/or Other Entities" Partner(s)) if no longer required.



# 5.8 Partnership Details (As Combination)

- a) If the "Combination" option is selected (both boxes selected), complete the following details as per return.
  - i) Refer to **Section 5.6 and Section 5.7** for the completion of the Combination container.



#### 5.9 Minerals and Petroleum Royalty Questions

a) Complete the following questions when you are submitting your return.



Mineral and Petroleum Royalty Questions		
1. Did you transfer a mineral resource in a condition other than that as specified in Schedules 1 or 2 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty Act No. 28 of 2008 (MPRR Act), i.e. gross sales were determined in accordance with the provisions of section 6(1)(b) and/or section 6(2)(b) read with section 6(4) of the MPRR Act?	Y	N
2. To the extent that an unrefined mineral resource(s) was transferred at a condition beyond the condition specified in Schedule 2, was the provisions of section 6A(1)(b) applied?	Υ	N
3. To the extent that a refined and/or unrefined mineral resource(s) was transferred at a condition beyond the minimum condition specified in Schedules 1 and/or 2, was the provisions of sections 5(1)(ii) and/or 5(2)(ii) applied?	Υ	N
4. Where the net annual royalty liability as declared is less than R 100 000, is reliance placed upon the small business exemption provided for in section 7 of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Act?	Υ	N
5. Where the net annual royalty liability as declared is less than R 100 000, is reliance placed upon the exemption provided for in section 8 in respect of gross sales generated by sampling activities?	Υ	N
6. Was reliance placed on the exemption provided for in section 8A in respect of domestic refining?	Υ	N
7. Was reliance placed on the roll over relief in respect of the disposal of going concerns as envisaged in section 9?	Υ	N
8. Did you incur any foreign currency gains and or losses and if so was the amounts treated in accordance with the provisions of section 15?	Υ	N
9. Have transitional credits as envisaged in section 16 been claimed as a deduction against the annual liability?	Υ	N
10. Is a fiscal stability agreement applicable? (Section 13(1))	Υ	N

# 5.10 Mineral and Petroleum Royalty Calculation per Mineral Type

- a) The MPR3 return has been updated to include the type of mineral, unit of measure and volumes transferred (quantity) per mineral sold.
- b) Depending on which box you have ticked above, the form will open the selected option e.g. if the refined minerals option is selected, the form will open the refined minerals fields and vice versa. If you have selected a combination of both refined and unrefined fields, then both containers will be opened.
- c) Complete the following fields for the Mineral and Petroleum Royalty Calculation:
- d) Select one of the following options for the Mineral Resource:
  - i) Select the Mineral type from the drop box
  - ii) Refined,
  - iii) Unrefined, or
  - iv) Combination of both.
  - v) Volume Sold: enter the volume of the mineral sold using the unit of measure that has been prepopulated in the unit of measure field.
  - vi) Unit of measure: it will be pre-populated according to the mineral type chosen.

Mineral a	nd Petrol	leum Royalty <b>C</b> a	llculation per Mineral T	ype 1		
Mineral Type			V			
Refined:		Volume Transferred		,	Unit Of Measure	
Unrefined:		Volume Transferred		,	Unit Of Measure	

#### 5.11 Refined and Unrefined Mineral

- a) For the calculation example of refined and unrefined minerals, refer to **Section 9** (Annexure for calculation of Mineral and Petroleum Royalties).
- b) The royalty rate percentage calculation amendments only apply to the oil and gas mineral types, which can only be transferred in a refined form.
  - i) The calculation amendments will only be applied for Years of Assessment (YoA) commencing on or after 1 January 2024. This equates to YoA ending December 2024 and onwards on the MPR3 return. For YoA prior to this date e.g., YoA November 2024 and prior, the calculation must remain as-is.

#### Calculation of Royalty Percentage for Oil and Gas in a refined form

YoA ending November 2024 and Prior Royalty Percentage = 0.5 + [EBIT / (Adjusted Gross Sales x 12.5)] x 100 The lowest percentage = 0.5

The highest percentage = 5 NOTE: This is the current calculation and must remain valid for YoA November 2024 and prior. YoA commencing on or after 1 January 2024 Royalty Percentage = 2 + [EBIT / (Adjusted Gross Sales x 12.5)] x 100

The lowest percentage = 2
The highest percentage = 5

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NOTE: This is the amended calculation and must be used for YoA ending on or after December 2024.



- c) Complete the following fields for refined and unrefined Minerals (as appropriate):
  - i) Gross Sales (actual for the year in terms of section 6):
    - A) This is a mandatory field.
    - B) A negative amount is not allowed.
    - C) Expenditure Incurred in respect of transport, insurance and handling after the condition specified(Section 6(3) disregarded in calculating Gross Sales)
  - ii) Adjustments to Gross Sales: Section 6(5)
    - A) This is a mandatory field.
    - B) A negative amount is allowed.
  - iii) Adjusted Gross Sales:
    - A) This is a calculated field and is equal to Gross sales (actual for the year in terms of section 6) plus Adjustments to Gross sales.
  - iv) Recoupments (i.t.o. 5(1) (b) and 5(2) (b)) allowed in calculation.
    - A) This is a mandatory field.
    - B) A negative amount is not allowed.
  - v) Deductions allowed (i.t.o. Section 5).
    - A) This is a mandatory field.
    - B) A negative amount is not allowed.
  - vi) **EBIT**:
    - A) This is a calculated field and is equal to **Adjusted Gross Sales** less **Recoupments** less **Deductions.**
  - vii) Royalty rate percentage:
    - A) This is a calculated field.
  - viii) Royalty for the full year:
    - A) This is a calculated field and is equal to.
  - ix) Adjusted Gross Sales multiplied by the Royalty rate percentage.

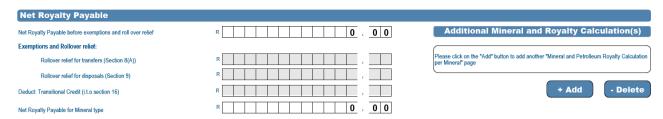
	Refined Minerals
Gross Sales (Section 6)	R,
Expenditure Incurred in respect of transport, insurance and handling after the condition specified (Section 6(3) (disregarded in calculating Gross Sales))	R , ,
Adjustments to Gross Sales: Section 6(5)	R , ,
Adjusted Gross Sales	R 0 , 00
Recoupments (section 5(1)(b) and 5(2)(b)) allowed in calculation of EBIT	R , ,
Deductions	R , ,
EBIT	R 0 , 0 0
Royalty Rate Percentage	, 0 %
Royalty for the full year	R 0 0

	Unr	efined l	Minerals		
R				,	
R				,	
R				,	
R				0,	0 0
R				,	
R				,	
R				0,	0 0
,		0 %			
R				0,	0 0

#### 5.12 Net Royalty Payable

- a) Complete the following fields for refined and unrefined Minerals (as appropriate):
  - i) Net Royalty payable before exemptions and roll over relief
    - A) This is a brought forward field from the calculation above.
  - ii) Exemption and Rollover relief (these fields are editable to capture if you answered yes to the relevant question on page 3):
    - A) Rollover relief for transfers(Section 8(A))
    - B) Rollover relief for disposals (Section 9)
  - iii) **Deduct:** Transitional Credit (i.t.o. Section 16) (this field is editable to capture if you answered yes to the relevant question on page 10)
    - A) This is a mandatory field.
    - B) A negative amount is not allowed.
    - C) This field cannot create a refund
  - iv) Net royalties Payable for Mineral Type:
    - A) This is a calculated field and is equal to Net Royalty payable before exemptions and roll over relief less **Roll over relief** less **Transitional Credit (i.t.o. Section 16)**.
  - v) Additional Mineral Royalty calculations The "+Add" button is to add another Mineral Royalty calculation page and the "- Delete" button is to remove unwanted Mineral Royalty calculation pages.





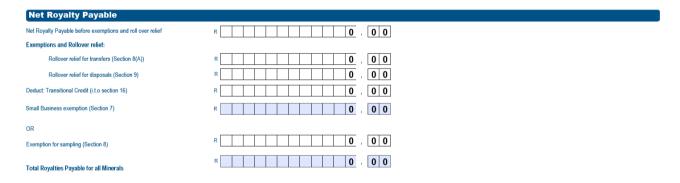
# 5.13 Mineral and Petroleum Royalty Calculation Summary sheet

- a) This is a summary sheet and no user entry is allowed.
- b) The figures displayed are an aggregation of the individual Mineral and Petroleum Royalty calculations per Mineral type pages completed above.

Mineral and Petroleum Royalty Calculation Sun	nmary Sheet	
	Refined Minerals	Unrefined Minerals
Gross Sales (Section 6)	R 0 0 , 0 0	R           0 , 0 0
Expenditure Incurred in respect of transport, insurance and handling after the condition specified (Section 6(3) (disregarded in calculating Gross Sales))	R 0 0	R
Adjustments to Gross Sales:	R 0 0	R
Adjusted Gross Sales	R 0 0 , 0 0	R
Recoupments (section 5(1)(b) and 5(2)(b)) allowed in calculation of EBIT	R 0 0 , 0 0	R
Deductions	R 0 , 0 0	R
EBIT	R 0 , 0 0	R
Royalty for the full year	R 0 0 , 0 0	R 0 0

# 5.14 Net Royalty Payable

- a) This is a summary sheet and no user entry is allowed.
- b) If you answered "Yes" to either exemption question on Page 3 of the New MPR3 (Small Business Exemption (Section 7) or Exemption from Sampling (Section 8) then the relevant exemption amount will be populated in the appropriate cell.
- c) **Note:** The annual return should be accompanied by a detailed calculation of gross sales and Earnings before Interest and Taxation (EBIT), which should be performed separately for each class of mineral resources detailed on Schedule1 and Schedule 2.



# 5.15 Minerals and Petroleum Resources Royalty: Reconciliation

- a) Complete the following fields for Estimation/Declaration, Royalty payable/refundable, payments received (if they are not already prepopulated).
  - i) The Estimation/Declaration must be completed according to the payments dates (e.g. First (1st) payment, Second (2nd) payment).
  - ii) Royalty Payable/Refundable must be completed according to the declaration made on the returns and payments dates.
  - iii) Payment Received will be captured based on the payments made to SARS by the taxpayer.



iv) Annual Total Liability/ Payments will be displayed according to the estimations and payments declared by the taxpayer to reconcile the Mineral and Petroleum Resource account.

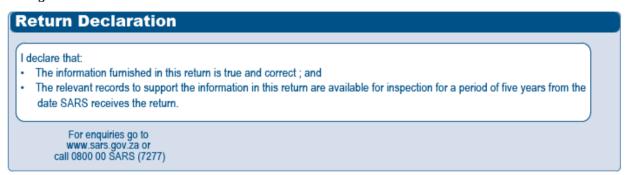


#### **Mineral & Petroleum Resources Royalty: Reconciliation**

	Estimation/Declaration	Royalty Payable/ Refundable	Payments Received
1st Estimate / Payment received by the 1st due date	0.00	0.00	
2nd Estimate / Payment received by the 2nd due date			
Return of excess / Payment received by the 3rd due date			
Annual Declaration			
Annual Total Liability / Payments received	0.00	0.00	0.00

# 6 DECLARATION AND SIGNATURE

- a) Complete the declaration on the return:
- b) After all the information fields have been completed, the applicant is required to complete, print and sign the declaration form. Failure to do so will result in the application being rejected.
- c) You are obliged to ensure that a full and accurate disclosure is made of all relevant information as required in the minerals and petroleum royalties' act. Misrepresentation, neglect or omission to submit a return or supplying false information is liable to penalties and/or additional assessments (together with interest) and/or prosecution.
- d) After completion of the return, you must read the declaration on the front page of the return and sign accordingly.
- e) It is acceptable to have returns completed by someone else (such as a bookkeeper, accountant, tax practitioner or friend) but you are ultimately responsible for the entries on the form and must therefore sign the return.



#### 7 THE BUTTONS ON THE RETURN

- a) **Note:** If the taxpayer does not want to submit the form immediately/not sure about necessary details/want to restart capturing the form: the taxpayer can either:
  - i) Click "Save" button to save the return; or
  - ii) Click "Reset" button reset the return and restart capturing the return; or
  - iii) Click "Print" button to print the return to sign and submit the return to SARS.

Save	Print	Reset
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#### 8 REFERENCES

# 8.1 Legislation

TYPE OF REFERENCE	REFERENCE
administered by SARS:	Tax Administration Act No. 28 of 2011 (effective 1 October 2012)
Other Legislation:	Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act
International Instruments:	None

# 8.2 Quality Records

NUMBER	TITLE
MPR3	Mineral and Petroleum Royalty Return
RAV01	Registration Amendments and Verification form

# 8.3 Reference to Role, Functional Area, or Division

a) Where an Organisational Structural change occurs with or without modifications, any reference in this document to a role, functional area or division under the former organisational structure, unless the contrary intention appears, shall be construed to be a reference to that role, functional area or division under the new Organisational Structure.

# 9 DEFINITIONS, ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

a) The definitions, acronyms and abbreviations can be accessed via the following link: <u>Glossary</u> <u>webpage</u>

#### 10 DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT

#### a) **REVISION HISTORY TABLE**

	Detail of	Date	Version	Description
	Change	01-12-2023	01	Initial Release
ľ		06-05-2024	04	Updated MPR03 to MPR3
		17-09-2024	05	Updated with the royal percentage calculation in respect of the
				transfer of a refined mineral resource that is oil and gas.

#### 11 ANNEXURE: CALCULATION FOR MINERAL AND PETROLEUM ROYALTY

a) This is an **example** to guide you in the calculation of Mineral and Petroleum Royalty (but should not be used in isolation/without obtaining professional advice) when you complete the return.



				Unrefined	Refined	Unrefined	Unrefined	Unrefined
Wording	Negative possible	Reference	Calculation	Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4	Example 5
Gross sales (actual for the year ito section 6)		Α		800 000 000	800 000 000	8 000 000	800 000 000	800 000 000
Adjustments to Gross sales	Yes	В		-20 000 000	-20 000 000	0	20 000 000	20 000 000
Adjusted Gross sales		С	A + B	780 000 000	780 000 000	8 000 000	820 000 000	820 000 000
Recoupments (ito section 5)		D		10 000 000	10 000 000		10 000 000	10 000 000
Deductions allowed (ito section 5)		E		500 000 000	500 000 000	7 500 000	900 000 000	200 000 000
EBIT		F	C + D - E	290 000 000	290 000 000	500 000	0	630 000 000
Royalty Rate %		G	(5 decimal places)	4.63105%	3.47436%	1.19444%	0.50000%	7.00000%
Tax for the full year		Н	C*G	36 122 222.22	27 100 000.00	95 555.56	4 100 000.00	57 400 000.00
Deduct: Mineral Royalties paid to date		I		15 000 000	15 000 000		15 000 000	15 000 000
Deduct: Transitional Credit (ito section 16)		J		10 000 000	10 000 000		10 000 000	10 000 000
Net Royalty payable/refundable		K	H-I-J	11 122 222.22	2 100 000.00	95 555.56	-20 900 000.00	32 400 000.00
Section 7 Exemption		L				95 555.56		
Net Royalty payable/refundable		М	K - L	11 122 222.22	2 100 000.00		-20 900 000.00	
						Note 1	Note 2	Note 3

Notes to the above calculation				
Note 1: The conditions of section 7 are met for	the exemption			
Note 2: In example 4 the actual refund should	only be:			
Tax for the full year	27 100 000.00			
Less Royalty paid	15 000 000			
Refund	12 100 000.00			
The transitional credit cannot create a refund				
Note 3: In example 5 the actual rate is 9.036599	rate for			
unrefined is 7% therefore the rate of 7% must	unrefined is 7% therefore the rate of 7% must be used			

b) This systematic guide shows rates to be allocated for refined and unrefined minerals.

Step by step guide to the Royalty Rate ca	culation				
1. Calculation is done seperately for Refi	ned and Unrefi	ined			
2. The factor for refined is 12.5					
3. The factor for unrefined is 9					
3. The maximum rate for refined is 5%					
4. The maximum rate for unrefined is 7%					
5. The formula for refined is {0.005 + (EBI	Γ/[Adjusted gr	oss sales for refined	d minerals x 12.5])}		
6. The formula for unrefined is {0.005 + (EBIT/[Adjusted gross sales for unrefined minerals x 9])}					
7. In both formulae EBIT cannot be negative (if it is a negative it is deemed to be Rnil					
8. If EBIT is deemed to be RNil then the Royalty rate = 0.5% (in terms of the formula = 0.5% + 0%)					
9. Therefore the rate will always be betw	een a minimu	m of 0.5% and 5% (r	efined) or 7% (unref	ined)	

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c) This systematic calculation shows how to determine the minimum and maximum royalty rate for refined and unrefined mineral.

Step by Step calculation of Royalty Rat	e				
	Unrefined	Refined	Unrefined	Unrefined	Unrefined
Factor	9	12.5	9	9	9
Adjusted gross sales x factor	7 020 000 000	9 750 000 000	72 000 000	7 380 000 000	7 380 000 000
EBIT	290 000 000	290 000 000	500 000	0	630 000 000
EBIT/(Adjusted gross sales x factor)	4.13105%	2.97436%	0.69444%	0.00000%	8.53659%
Add 0.5%	0.50000%	0.50000%	0.50000%	0.50000%	0.50000%
Royalty rate	4.63105%	3.47436%	1.19444%	0.50000%	9.03659%
Maximum rate	7.00000%	5.00000%	7.00000%	7.00000%	7.00000%
Revised rate after checking maximum	4.63105%	3.47436%	1.19444%	0.50000%	7.00000%

# d) Schedule 1 - refined condition of mineral resources

Mineral resource name	Unit of measure for volume field in the return
Cobalt	ton
Copper	ton
Germanium	ton
Gold	kilogram
Lead	ton
Lithium	ton
Mercury	ton
Nickel (Base metal)	ton
Platinum Group Metals	kilogram
Molybdenum	ton
Silicon	ton
Silver	kilogram
Talc	ton
Vanadium	ton
Zinc	ton
Oil	barrel
Gas	ton

# e) Schedule 2 - unrefined condition of mineral resources

Mineral resource name	Unit of measure for volume field in the return
Aggregates	ton
Antimony	ton
Barite	ton
Beryllium	ton
Chrome ore	ton
Clay	ton
Coal	ton
Cobalt	ton
Copper	ton
Diamond	Carat
Dimension stone	ton
Fluorspar	ton

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Graphite	ton
Iron ore	ton
Lead	ton
Limestone	ton
Manganese ore	ton
Mica	ton
ilmenite	ton
Rutile	ton
Zircon	ton
Nickel	ton
Niobium	ton
Platinum group metals	kilogram
Sand	ton
Silver	kilogram
Tantalum	ton
Tin	ton
Tungsten and Wolram	ton
Uranium	kilogram
Vanadium	ton
Zinc (Base metal)	ton
Other Minerals not listed elsewhere	ton

#### **DISCLAIMER**

The information contained in this guide is intended as guidance only and is not considered to be a legal reference, nor is it a binding ruling. The information does not take the place of legislation and readers who are in doubt regarding any aspect of the information displayed in the guide should refer to the relevant legislation or seek a formal opinion from a suitably qualified individual.

# For more information about the contents of this publication you may:

- Visit the SARS website at www.sars.gov.za;
- Make a booking to visit the nearest SARS branch;
- Contact your own tax advisor / tax practitioner;
- If calling from within South Africa, contact the SARS Contact Centre on 0800 00 SARS (7277); or
- If calling from outside South Africa, contact the SARS Contact Centre on +27 11 602 2093 (only between 8am and 4pm South African time).