# CUSTOMS AND EXCISE ACT, 1964. AMENDMENT OF SCHEDULE NO. 1 (NO. 1/1/1550)

Date: 2016-10-21

In terms of section 48 and for the purposes of section 49(1)(a) and (b)of the Customs and Excise Act, 1964, Schedule No. 1 to the said Act is hereby amended, with retrospective effect from 1 April 2016, to the extent set out in the Schedule hereto.

M JONAS DEPUTY MINISTER OF FINANCE

#### SCHEDULE

By the insertion of the following General Note(s) after General Note L.6 in Schedule No. 1:

- M. DUTIES ON GOODS TO WHICH THE PREFERENTIAL TRADE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE COMMON MARKET OF THE SOUTH (MERCOSUR) AND THE SOUTH AFRICAN CUSTOMS UNION (SACU) RELATES
  - 1. In this Note and for the purposes of Schedule No. 1, the expression "MERCOSUR", "MERCOSUR States", or "members of the Common Market of the South" shall refer to the Argentine Republic, the Federative Republic of Brazil, the Republic of Paraguay and the Oriental Republic of Uruguay unless otherwise specified in the General Notes in Part 1 of Schedule No. 1.
  - 2. The expression "MERCOSUR Agreement" or "Agreement" shall refer to the Preferential Trade Agreement between the MERCOSUR and the SACU States.
  - 3. Any rate of duty specified in the MERCOSUR column in respect of any heading or subheading of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1 which is lower than the rate of duty specified in the General column

applies to imported goods to which such heading or subheading relates if such goods originate in the MERCOSUR States or a specified MERCOSUR State and comply with the other requirements of the MERCOSUR Agreement.

- 4. Tariff rate quota preferential treatment:
  - (a)(i) In terms of the Agreement, annual tariff rate quotas apply to the goods originating in and imported from the MERCOSUR Member States as specified in the columns below into SACU States provided the importations comply with other provisions of the Agreement, this Note ,any rules applicable thereto and the following Notes (1) and(2) to Annex II of the Agreement:
    - "Note: (1) These Tariff Rate Quotas shall be controlled by a competent Government authority in the exporting country. The latter must ensure that, at the time of export, certificates of origin are not issued for consignments in excess of the annual quota limitation. The Signatory Parties concerned shall, on a six-monthly basis, inform the SACU Secretariat of the quota allocations per company and actual exports that have taken place under these quotas. In the case of non-compliance with this provision, SACU may suspend these preferences.
      - (2) The Signatory Party/Parties concerned shall not apply export subsidies and/or export credits, as defined in Articles 9 and 10 of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture, neither shall they apply trade and production distorting domestic support, as defined in the WTO Agreement on Agriculture, to the products eligible for preferential treatment under these Tariff Rate Quota's. A remark to this effect shall be entered in block 7 of the certificate of origin. The Signatory Parties concerned shall, upon request, provide in a transparent and expedite manner the necessary information to allow SACU to monitor compliance with this provision."

Tariff heading/Subheading	Description	Quantity	Origin	Tariff quota rate under Part 1 of
				Schedule No. 1
0202.30	Boneless	250 t	Paraguay	25% of the General Rate

0202.30	Boneless	250 t	Uruguay	25% of the General Rate
12.01	Soya beans, whether or not broken	10 000 t	Paraguay	25% of the General Rate
12.01	Soya beans, whether or not broken	6 000 t	Uruguay	25% of the General Rate
1507.10	Soy bean oil	5 000 t	Paraguay	25% of the General Rate
1512.11	Sunflower oil	4 000 t	Paraguay	25% of the General Rate

#### (ii) For the purpose of applying the tariff rate quotas-

- (aa) "annual" means a calendar year from 1 January to 31 December of any year after 2016 ; and
- (bb) for the year 2016, shall apply proportionately from 1 April 2016.
- (b) Quota allocation for SACU is as follows:

	SACU TRQ Allocation for the First Year after entry into force of the SACU – MERCOSUR PTA						
Tariff line	Country	Quota	Botswana	Lesotho	Namibia	RSA	Swaziland
			TRQ Allocation in	n tons/Annum			•
02023000	Paraguay	250	12.5	12.5	12.5	200	12.5
02023000	Uruguay	250	12.5	12.5	12.5	200	12.5
	Paraguay	10 000	50	50	50	8 000	50
12010000	Uruguay	6 000	300	300	300	4 800	300
15071000	Paraguay	5 000	250	250	250	4 000	250
15121100	Paraguay	4 000	200	200	200	3 200	200

- (c) Such lower rate of duty applies in respect of the goods concerned if during the specified period -
  - (i) the goods have been imported and entered for home consumption;
  - (ii) where the goods are subject to a permit issued by the National Department of Agriculture Fisheries and Forestry, a valid permit is produced at the time of entry for home consumption; and
  - (iii) a valid MERCOSUR certificate of origin issued by MERCOSUR is presented with a valid bill of entry for home consumption supported by all documents required to be produced in terms of section 39.
- (d) Any balance of a tariff quota remaining at the end of any stated period is not carried over to the next period.
- (e) When the tariff quota is exhausted during the stated period the duty specified in respect of the goods concerned in the "General" rate of duty column shall be payable.
- 5. For the purposes of entry of any imported goods at the lower rate of duty specified in the MERCOSUR column the importer shall at the time of entry for home consumption of any consignment produce together with any documents required to be produced in terms of section 39 a valid proof of origin and proof of compliance with the territorial requirement in accordance with the provisions of Part D of the Schedule to the General Notes to Schedule No. 1.

By the renumbering of General Note M as General Note N and the substitution of General Note N in Schedule No. 1 with the following:

N.	Rates	of duty specified in the five columns; General, EU, EFTA, SADC and MERCOSUR of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1.
	(a)	The general rate of duty specified in the General column in respect of any heading or subheading in Part 1 of Schedule No. 1 applies to imported goods to which such heading or
		subheading relates if the goods do not qualify for any preferential rate of duty specified in the EU, EFTA, SADC or MERCOSUR column.
	(b)	Where the rate of duty in the EU, EFTA, SADC or MERCOSUR column is the same as the rate in the General column no preferential rate of duty is in operation in
		respect of the said EU, EFTA, SADC or MERCOSUR column, as the case may be.

By the insertion of the following Part D after Part C in the General Notes in Schedule No. 1:PART D

ANNEX III REFERRED TO IN CHAPTER III OF ARTICLE 10 OF THE PREFERENTIAL TRADE AGREEMENT BETWEEN MERCOSUR AND THE SACU STATES CONCERNING THE DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF "ORIGINATING PRODUCTS" AND METHODS OF ADMINISTRATIVE CO-OPERATION

#### Notes:

1. Definitions

In the application of provisions of this Act for the purpose of giving effect to Annex III shall have the meanings assigned thereto in this Note -

(a) the following expressions in the definitions of Annex III shall have the meanings assigned thereto in this Note -

"customs value" means the value of imported goods calculated or determined in accordance with the provisions of section 65, 66, 67 and 74A;

"chapters and headings" means the chapters and headings (four-digit codes) of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1;

"Harmonized System" or "HS" or "nomenclature of the Harmonized System or HS" means subject to any meaning ascribed to any expression in any provisions of origin, the provisions of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1, except national subheadings or additional national section or chapter notes and the rates of duty, applicable to the classification of any goods in any chapter or heading or subheading, and for the purpose of interpretation of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1, includes application of the Explanatory Notes to the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System as required in terms of section 47(8)(a);

"SACU States" means a Member State of SACU.

"SACU" in relation to products originating in SACU means products originating in the common customs area as defined in section 1 of the Act or in the territory of any SACU state. "Agreement" means the Preferential Trade Agreement between the MERCOSUR and the SACU States of which the full text, except Annex III, is published in Schedule No. 10 as Part 7 of the said Schedule.

- 2. The provisions of Part D and Notes M and N shall govern imported goods entered according to the provisions of the MERCOSUR column of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1
- 3. Goods imported or exported, worked, processed or manufactured shall, for the purposes of Annex III and its Appendices, be declared in every document for proving the originating status under the appropriate heading of Part 1 of Schedule No. 1.
- 4. Where any goods imported are subject to tariff quotas in order to benefit from the preferential rate of duty in terms of the Agreement such goods shall comply with the requirements of Note M of the General Notes and the rules for section 49.
- 5. Any goods exported to the MERCOSUR for the purpose of obtaining preferential treatment therefore in terms of the Agreement, shall be subject to compliance with -
  - (a) the provision of Part D,
  - (b) any relevant provision of the said Agreement, and
  - (c) any rule for section 49.

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	a)	"manufacturer" means any kind of working or processing including assembly or specific operations;
	b)	"material" means any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product;
	c)	"product" means the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation;
	d)	"goods" means both materials and products;
	e)	"customs value" means the value as determined in accordance with the 1994 Agreement on implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (WTO Agreement on
		customs valuation);
	f)	"ex-works price" means the price paid for the product ex works to the manufacturer in SACU in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the
		value of all the materials used, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be, repaid when the product obtained is exported;
	g)	"CIF price" means the price paid to the exporter by an importer in MERCOSUR for the product when the goods pass the ships rail at the named port of shipment. The exporter must pay the costs
		and freight necessary to bring the goods to the named port of destination. For landlocked countries, the port of destination means the first sea port or inland waterway port located in any of
		the Signatory Parties, through which those products have been imported;
	h)	"Free on Board price" means the price paid to the exporter for the product when the goods pass the ships rail at the named port of shipment, thereafter, the importer will assume all the costs
		including the necessary expenses for the shipment;
	i)	"value of materials" for SACU means the customs value at the time of importation of the non-originating materials used, or, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first
		Ascertainable price paid for the materials in SACU; for MERCOSUR means the CIF price of non-originating materials used as defined in (g);
	j)	"value of originating materials" means the value of such materials as defined in (i);
		"price of the product": for SACU means ex-works price, as defined in (f); for MERCOSUR means the Free on Board price, as defined in (h);
		"chapters", "headings" and "subheadings" mean the chapters, the headings (four-digit codes) and subheadings (six-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonized
	,	
	m)	"classified" refers to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading or subheading;
		"consignment" means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to
	,	the consignee or, in the absence of such a document, by a single invoice;
	o)	"territory" includes the "territorial sea", the "exclusive economic zone" and the "continental shelf" as defined in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea;
	p)	"high seas" have the same meaning as in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea;
	q)	"MERCOSUR" means Mercado Común del Sur;
	r)	"a MERCOSUR state" means any of the following states: Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay or Uruguay, as the case may be;
	s)	"SACU" means the Southern African Customs Union;

t) "a SACU state" means any of the following states: Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, South Africa or Swaziland, as the case may be;

- "customs or competent authority" refer to a customs authority in SACU and, in MERCOSUR<sup>1</sup>, to the:
  - "Ministério de Economía y Producción Secretaria de Indústria, Comércio y de la Pequeña y Mediana Empresa" of Argentina;
  - "Ministério do Desenvolvimento, Indústria e Comércio Exterior Secretaria de Comércio Exterior, e Ministério da Fazenda Secretaria da Receita Federal do Brazil" of Brazil;
  - "Ministerio de Indústria y Comércio" of Paraguay; and
  - "Ministério de Economía y Finanzas Asesoría Política Comercial" of Uruguay.

# Title II

# Definition of the Concept of "Originating Product"

# Article 2

# **General requirements**

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- 1. For the purpose of implementing this Agreement, the following products shall be considered as originating in MERCOSUR or SACU:
  - (a) products wholly obtained in MERCOSUR or SACU within the meaning of Article 4;
  - (b) products obtained in a Signatory Party incorporating non-originating materials, provided that such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in the Signatory Party within the meaning of Article 5.
- 2. For the purpose of this Agreement, products originating in MERCOSUR shall be considered as originating in Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay or Uruguay, and products originating in SACU shall be considered as originating in Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, South Africa or Swaziland.

# Article 3

# Bilateral cumulation of origin

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 2, materials and products originating in MERCOSUR within the meaning of this Annex shall be considered as originating in SACU, provided that they have undergone working or processing in SACU going beyond that referred to in Article 6.
- 2. Notwithstanding Article 2, materials and products originating in SACU within the meaning of this Annex shall be considered as originating in MERCOSUR, provided that they have undergone working or processing in MERCOSUR going beyond that referred to in Article 6.
- 3. Notwithstanding Article 2, products listed in Annexes I and II that are subject to a tariff rate quota or preferences offered to a particular Signatory Party only are excluded from the cumulation provisions.

<sup>1</sup> The competence of issuing certificates of origin is delegated by the competent authorities of MERCOSUR to authorised public agencies or trade organisations in Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay

#### Wholly obtained products

- 1. The following shall be considered as wholly obtained in MERCOSUR or in SACU:
  - (a) mineral products extracted from the soil or subsoil and from the seabed and marine subsoil of the territory of the Signatory Parties;
  - (b) vegetable products harvested there;
  - (c) live animals born, captured and raised there;
  - (d) products from live animals raised there;
  - (e) products obtained by collecting, hunting, fishing or aquaculture conducted there;
  - (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the territorial sea and exclusive economic zone of MERCOSUR or of SACU;
  - (g) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the waters in the high seas only by flagged and registered vessels of the respective Signatory Party, as well as products of seafishing obtained under a specific quota allocated to a Signatory Party by an international management organisation or regime;
  - (h) products taken from the seabed or subsoil of their respective continental shelves;
  - (i) products extracted from the seabed or subsoil outside their respective continental shelves provided that the concerned Signatory Party has rights or is sponsoring an entity that has rights to exploit the resources of that seabed or subsoil, in accordance with international law;
  - (j) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials;
  - (k) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
  - (I) goods produced there exclusively from the products specified in subparagraphs (a) to (k).

#### Article 5

#### Sufficiently worked or processed products

1. For the purposes of Article 2, products covered by this Agreement as listed in Annexes I and II, which are not wholly obtained are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the conditions set out in the list in Appendix II are fulfilled.

<sup>2</sup> The conditions referred to in paragraph 1 indicate, for all products covered by the Agreement, the working or processing which must be carried out on non-originating materials used in manufacturing and apply only in relation to such materials. It follows that if a product which has acquired originating status by fulfilling the conditions set out in the list is used in the manufacture of another product, the conditions applicable to the product in which it is incorporated do not apply to it, and no account shall be taken of the non-originating materials which may have been used in its manufacture.

- 2. Goods which are not covered by this Agreement as listed in Annexes I and II, but which are incorporated into a good that is covered by this Agreement, are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed if:
  - (a) these goods are manufactured from materials or products of any heading, except that of the good, or
  - (b) the value of all non-originating materials or products used does not exceed 40% of the price of the good.
- 3. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 and 2, non-originating materials which, according to the conditions set out in the list, should not be used in the manufacture of a product may nevertheless be used, provided that:
  - (a) their total value does not exceed 10 per cent of the price of the product; and
  - (b) any of the percentages given in paragraph 2 and in the list of Appendix II for the maximum value of non-originating materials are not exceeded through the application of this paragraph.

This paragraph shall not apply to products falling within Chapters 50 to 63 of the Harmonized System.

4. Paragraphs 1 to 3 shall apply subject to the provisions of Article 6.

#### Article 6

# Insufficient working or processing

- 1. Without prejudice to paragraph 2, the following operations shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not the requirements of Article 5 are satisfied:
  - (a) preserving operations to ensure that the products remain in good condition during transport and storage;
  - (b) breaking-up and assembly of packages;
  - (c) washing, cleaning, removal of dust, oxide, oil, paint or other coverings;
  - (d) ironing or pressing of textiles;
  - (e) simple<sup>3</sup> painting and polishing operations;
  - (f) husking, partial or total bleaching, polishing and glazing of cereals and rice;
  - (g) operations to colour sugar or form sugar lumps;
  - (h) peeling, stoning and shelling, of fruits, nuts and vegetables;

<sup>3.</sup> "simple", generally describes activities which need neither special skills nor machines, apparatus or equipment especially produced or installed for carrying out the activity.

- (i) sharpening, simple<sup>4</sup> grinding or simple<sup>5</sup> cutting;
- (j) sifting, screening, sorting, classifying, grading, matching (including the making-up of sets of articles);
- (k) simple<sup>6</sup> placing in bottles, cans, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards and all other simple packaging operations;
- (I) affixing or printing marks, labels, logos and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (m) simple mixing<sup>7</sup> of products, whether or not of different kinds;
- (n) simple<sup>8</sup> assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article or disassembly of products into parts;
- (o) a combination of two or more operations specified in (a) to (n); and
- (p) slaughter of animals.
- 2. All operations carried out either in MERCOSUR or in SACU on a given product shall be considered together when determining whether the working or processing undergone by that product is to

be regarded as insufficient within the meaning of paragraph 1.

<sup>4</sup> simple mixing", generally describes activities, including dilution in water or any other substance which does not substantially alter the product characteristics, which need neither special skills nor machines, apparatus or equipment specially produced or installed for carrying out the activity. However, simple mixing does not include chemical reaction means a process (including a biochemical process) which results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

5. The term "the other requirements", mentioned in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Article, does not include the requirements of direct transport and exhibition, since those requirements shall be checked by the customs authority of the importing country.

<sup>6</sup> The term "the other requirements", mentioned in this Article, does not include the requirements of direct transport and exhibition, since those requirements shall be checked by the customs authorities of the importing country.

<sup>7</sup>.Obvious formal errors include, but are not limited to, typing errors, and exclude deliberate errors.

<sup>8</sup>. The term "the other requirements", mentioned in paragraphs 2 and 6 of this Article, does not include the requirements of direct transport and exhibition, since those requirements shall be checked by the customs authorities of the importing country.

#### Unit of qualification

- 1. The unit of qualification for the application of the provisions of this Annex shall be the particular product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonized System. It follows that:
  - (a) when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified in accordance with the Harmonized System in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification; and
  - (b) when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonized System, each product must be taken individually when applying the provisions of this Annex.
- 2. The packages and packing materials for retail sale, when classified together with the packaged product, in accordance with General Rule 5 (b) of the Harmonized System shall not be taken into account for considering whether all non-originating materials used in the manufacture of a product fulfil the criterion corresponding to a change of tariff classification of the said product.
- 3. If the product is subject to an ad valorem percentage criterion, the value of the packages and packing material for retail sale shall be taken into account in its origin assessment.

#### Article 8

#### Accessories, spare parts and tools

Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle, which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or which are not separately invoiced, shall be regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

#### Article 9

#### Sets

Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Harmonized System, shall be regarded as originating when all component products are originating. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating products, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating, provided that the value of the non-originating products does not exceed 15 per cent of the price of the set (price of the product).

#### Containers and packing materials for transport

The containers and packing materials exclusively used for the transport of a product shall not be taken into account for determining the origin of any good or product, in accordance with General Rule 5 (b) of the Harmonized System.

#### Article 11

#### **Neutral elements**

- 1. In order to determine whether a product originates, it shall not be necessary to determine the origin of the following which might be used in its manufacture:
  - (a) energy and fuel;
  - (b) plant and equipment;
  - (c) machines and tools; and
  - (d) goods which do not enter into the final composition of the product.

#### Title III

# **Territorial Requirements**

#### Article 12

Principle of territoriality

- 1. The conditions for acquiring originating status set out in Title II must be fulfilled without interruption in MERCOSUR or in SACU.
- 2. Where originating goods exported from MERCOSUR or from SACU to another country are returned, they must be considered as non-originating when re-exported to MERCOSUR or SACU, unless

it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) the returning goods are the same as those exported; and
- (b) they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in good condition while in that country or while being exported.

#### **Direct transport**

- 1. The preferential treatment provided for under the Agreement applies only to products satisfying the requirements of this Annex, which are transported directly between MERCOSUR and SACU. However, products constituting one single consignment may be transported through other territories with, should the occasion arise, transhipment or temporary warehousing in such territories, provided that they remain under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or warehousing and do not undergo operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition. Originating products may be transported by pipeline across territory other than that of Signatory Parties.
- 2. Evidence that the conditions set out in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the customs authorities of the importing country by the production of:
  - (a) a single transport document covering the passage from the exporting country through the country of transit; or
  - (b) a certificate issued by the customs or competent authority of the country of transit:
    - (i) giving an extract description of the products;
    - (ii) stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships, or the other means of transport used; and
    - (iii) certifying the conditions under which the products remained in the transit country; or
  - (c) failing these, any substantiating documents.

#### Article 14

#### Exhibitions

- 1. Originating products, sent for exhibition in a country outside the Signatory Parties and sold after the exhibition for importation into MERCOSUR or into SACU shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the Agreement provided it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs or competent authority that:
  - (a) an exporter has consigned these products from MERCOSUR or from SACU to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
  - (b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to a person in MERCOSUR or in SACU;
  - (c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter in the state in which they were sent for exhibition; and
  - (d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
- 2. A certificate of origin must be issued or made out in accordance with the provisions of Title IV and submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.
- 3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organized for private purposes in shops or business premises with

a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

# Title IV Certificate of Origin Article 15 General requirements Products originating in a Signatory Party shall, on importation into MERCOSUR or SACU, benefit from the Agreement upon submission of a certificate of origin, a specimen of which appears in 1. Appendix III. 2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, originating products within the meaning of this Annex shall, in the cases specified in Article 23, benefit from the Agreement without it being necessary to submit the certificate of origin. Article 16 Procedure for the issue of a certificate of origin 1. A certificate of origin shall be issued by the customs or competent authority of the exporting country on application having been made in writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorised representative. 2. For this purpose, the exporter or his authorised representative shall complete both the certificate of origin and the application form, specimens of which appear in Appendix III. These forms shall be completed in English, in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting country. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink in block letters. The description of the products must be given in the box reserved for this purpose without leaving any blank lines. Where the box is not completely filled, a horizontal line must be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through. 3. The exporter applying for the issue of a certificate of origin shall be prepared to submit at any time, at the request of the customs authorities or competent authority of the exporting country where the certificate of origin is issued, all appropriate documents proving the originating status of the products concerned as well as the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex. A certificate of origin shall be issued by the customs or competent authority of MERCOSUR or of SACU if the products concerned can be considered as products originating in MERCOSUR or in 4. SACU and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex. 9. The term "the other requirements", mentioned in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Article, does not include the requirements of direct transport and exhibition, since those requirements shall be checked by the customs authority of the importing country.

5. The customs or competent authority issuing certificates of origin shall take any steps necessary to verify the originating status of the products and the fulfilment of the other requirements of this

Annex. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate. They shall also ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 2 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions.

- 6. The date of issue of the certificate shall be indicated in Box 11 of the certificate.
- 7. A certificate of origin shall be issued by the customs or competent authority and made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

#### Article 17

#### Certificate of origin issued retrospectively

- 1. Notwithstanding Article 16(7), a certificate of origin may exceptionally be issued after exportation of the products to which it relates if:
  - (a) it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances; or
  - (b) it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs or competent authority that a certificate of origin was issued but was not accepted at importation for technical reasons.
- 2. For the implementation of paragraph 1, the exporter must indicate in his application the place and date of exportation of the products to which the certificate of origin relates, and state the reasons for his request.
- 3. The customs or competent authority may issue a certificate of origin retrospectively, if requested by the exporter within six months from the date of the exportation, and only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application corresponds with that in the records of the issuing office or the authenticity thereof have been verified.
- 4. Certificates of origin issued retrospectively must be endorsed with the words "ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY".
- 5. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 4 shall be inserted in the "Remarks" box of the certificate of origin.

#### Article 18

#### Issue of a duplicate certificate of origin

- 1. In the event of theft, loss or destruction of a certificate of origin, the exporter may apply to the customs or competent authority which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession or of which the authenticity thereof have been verified.
- 2. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with the word "DUPLICATE".
- 3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 shall be inserted in the "Remarks" box of the duplicate certificate of origin.
- 4. The duplicate, which shall indicate the date of issuance and the number of the original certificate in the "Remarks" box, shall take effect as from that date.

#### Issuing of a certificate of origin on the basis of a proof of origin issued or made out previously

- 1. When originating goods are placed under the control of a customs office in a Member State of SACU or MERCOSUR, it shall be possible to replace the original proof of origin by one or more certificate/s of origin for the purpose of sending all or some of these goods elsewhere within the Member States of SACU or MERCOSUR. The replacement certificate of origin shall be issued by the competent governmental authority under whose control the products are placed.
- 2. In the case of MERCOSUR, this article shall apply only to the Signatory Parties that have decided on its implementation and that have duly notified the Joint Committee thereof.

#### Article 20

#### Validity of certificate of origin

- 1. The certificate of origin shall be valid for six months from the date of issue in the exporting country, and must be submitted within the said period to the customs authorities of the importing country.
- 2. Certificates of origin which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing country after the final date for presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit these documents by the final date set is due to exceptional circumstances.
- 3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing country may accept the certificates of origin where the products have been submitted before the said final date.

#### Article 21

#### Submission of certificate of origin

Certificates of origin shall be submitted to the customs authority of the importing country in accordance with the procedures applicable in that country. The said authorities may require a translation of a certificate of origin and may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions required for the implementation of the Agreement.

#### Article 22

#### Importation by instalments

Where, at the request of the importer and on the conditions laid down by the customs authority of the importing country, dismantled or non-assembled products within the meaning of General Rule 2(a) of the Harmonized System falling within Sections XVI and XVII, Chapter 90 or headings 7308 and 9406 of the Harmonized System are imported by instalments, a single certificate of origin for such products shall be submitted to the customs authority upon importation of the first instalment.

#### Exemptions from certificate of origin

- 1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the submission of a certificate of origin, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the requirements of this Annex and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such a declaration. In the case of products sent by post, this declaration can be made on the customs declaration CN22/CN23 or on a sheet of paper annexed to that document.
- 2. For the purposes of paragraph 1:
  - (a) imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is intended; and
  - (b) in case of small packages or products forming part of travellers' personal luggage, the total value of these products shall not exceed the value stipulated in the national legislation of the Signatory Party concerned.

# Article 24<sup>10</sup>

#### Supporting documents

- 1. The documents referred to in this Article 16(3) used for the purpose of proving that products covered by a certificate of origin can be considered as products originating in MERCOSUR or in SACU and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex may consist *inter alia* of the following:
  - (a) direct evidence of the processes carried out by the exporter or supplier to obtain the goods concerned, contained for example in his accounts or internal book-keeping;
  - (b) documents proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in MERCOSUR or in SACU where these documents are used in accordance with domestic law;
  - (c) documents proving the working or processing of materials In MERCOSUR or in SACU, issued or made out in a MERCOSUR or in SACU, where these documents are used in accordance with domestic law; or
  - (d) certificates of origin proving the originating status of materials used, issued or made out in MERCOSUR or in SACU in accordance with this Annex.

#### Article 25

#### Preservation of certificate of origin and supporting documents

- 1. The exporter applying for the issue of a certificate of origin shall keep for at least three years the documents referred to in Article 16(3).
- 2. The competent authority of the exporting country responsible for issuing certificates of origin shall keep for at least three years the application form referred to in Article 16(2).
- 3. The customs authority of the importing country shall ensure the availability, for at least three years, of the certificates of origin submitted for preferential treatment.

10. The term "the other requirements", mentioned in this Article, does not include the requirements of direct transport and exhibition, since those requirements shall be checked by the customs authorities of the importing country.

#### **Discrepancies and formal errors**

- 1. The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the certificate of origin and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not, *ipso facto*, render the certificate of origin null and void if it is duly established that this document does correspond to the products submitted.
- 2. Obvious formal errors on a certificate of origin should not cause this document to be rejected if these errors are not such as to create doubts concerning the correctness of the statements made in this document.<sup>11</sup>

#### Title V

#### Arrangements for Administrative Co-operation

#### Article 27

#### Notifications

The customs or competent authorities of SACU and MERCOSUR shall provide each other, through the SACU and the MERCOSUR Secretariats respectively, with specimen impressions of official stamps and signatures (used in their offices) for the issue of certificates of origin and with the addresses of the customs or competent authorities responsible for verifying the authenticity of the certificates of origin and the correctness of the information given therein.

#### Article 28

# Verification of certificate of origin<sup>12</sup>

- 1. In order to ensure the proper application of this Annex, MERCOSUR and SACU shall assist each other, through the customs or competent authorities, in checking the authenticity of the certificates of origin and the correctness of the information given in these documents.
- 2. Subsequent verifications of certificates of origin shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs or competent authority of the importing country have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of such documents, the originating status of the products concerned or the fulfilment of the other requirements of this Annex.
- 3. For the purposes of implementing the provisions of paragraph 1, the customs or competent authority of the importing country shall return the certificate of origin, if it has been submitted, or a copy of these documents, to the customs or competent authority of the exporting country giving, where appropriate, the reasons for the enquiry. Any documents and information obtained suggesting that the information given on the certificate of origin is incorrect shall be forwarded in support of the request for verification.

<sup>11</sup>. Obvious formal errors include, but are not limited to, typing errors, and exclude deliberate errors.

<sup>12</sup>. The term "the other requirements", mentioned in paragraphs 2 and 6 of this Article, does not include the requirements of direct transport and exhibition, since those requirements shall be checked by the customs authorities of the importing country.

- 4. The verification shall be carried out by the customs or competent authority of the exporting country. For this purpose, they shall have the right to call for any evidence and to carry out any inspection of the exporter's accounts or any other check considered appropriate.
- 5. If the customs authority of the importing country decide to suspend the granting of preferential treatment to the products concerned while awaiting the results of the verification, release of the products shall be offered to the importer subject to any precautionary measures iudged necessary.
- 6. The customs or competent authority requesting the verification shall be informed of the results of this verification as soon as possible. These results must indicate clearly whether the documents are authentic and whether the products concerned can be considered as products originating in MERCOSUR or in SACU and fulfil the other requirements of this Annex.
- 7. If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within ten months of the date of the verification request or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting customs authority shall, except in exceptional circumstances, refuse entitlement to the preferences.
- 8. The requesting customs or competent authority shall inform the customs or competent authority of the exporting country of its decision on the basis of the verification in question.

#### **Dispute settlement**

- Where disputes arise in relation to the verification procedures of Article 27 which cannot be settled between the customs or competent authority requesting a verification and the customs or competent authority responsible for carrying out this verification or where they raise a question as to the interpretation of this Annex, they shall be submitted to the Joint Administration Committee, without prejudice to the Parties' or the Signatory Parties' rights to have recourse to the Dispute Settlement mechanism of this Agreement.
- 2. In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs or competent authority of the importing country shall be under the legislation of the said country.

#### Article 30

#### Penalties

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect information for the purpose of obtaining a preferential treatment for products.

#### Article 31

#### Free Zones

- 1. The treatment to be afforded to goods from Free Zones will be subject to a decision to be reached as foreseen in the Understanding on Free Zones attached to this Annex as Appendix IV.
- 2. In the interim, MERCOSUR and SACU shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a proof of origin, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in

their territory, are not substituted by other goods and do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.

#### Title VI

# **Final Provisions**

#### Article 32

#### Review

The Joint Administration Committee shall review this Annex no later than three years after the entry into force of the Agreement, or in the event of a new round of negotiations intended to deepen or broaden the scope of the Preferential Trade Agreement and, as appropriate, propose to the Parties amendments to the criteria for the determination, application and administration of origin.

#### Article 33

#### Traditional provisions for goods in transit or storage

The provisions of the Agreement may be applied to goods which comply with the provisions of this Annex and which on the date of entry into force of the Agreement are either in transit or are in MERCOSUR or in SACU in temporary storage in customs warehouses or in free zones, subject to the submission to the customs or competent authority of the importing country, within six months of the said date, of a certificate of origin issued retrospectively by the customs or competent authority of the exporting country together with the documents showing that the goods have been transported directly in accordance with the provisions of Article 11.

#### Appendix

Appendix I, II, III and IV are part of this Annex.

# ANNEX III

#### APPENDIX I

Introductory notes to the list in Appendix II

Note 1:

The list sets out the conditions required for all products to be considered as sufficiently worked or processed within the meaning of Article 5 of Annex III.

#### Note 2:

- 2.1 The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the chapter number, heading number or sub-heading used in the Harmonized System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in column 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an "ex", this signifies that the rules in column 3 or 4 apply only to the part of that heading as described in column 2.
- 2.2 Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4 apply to all products which, under Harmonized System, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any headings grouped together in column 1.
- 2.3 Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rules in column 3 or 4.
- 2.4 Where, for an entry in the first two columns, a rule is specified in both column 3 and 4, the exporter may opt, as an alternative, to apply either the rules set out in column 3 or that set out in column 4. If no origin rule is given in column 4, the rule set out in column 3 is to be applied.

#### Note 3:

- 3.1 The provisions of Article 5 of Annex III, concerning products having acquired originating status which is used in the manufacture of other products, shall apply, regardless of whether this status has been acquired inside the factory whether these products are used or in another factory in the territory of a Signatory Party.
- 3.2 The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required, and the carrying-out of more working or processing also confers originating status, conversely, the carrying out of less working or processing cannot confer originating status. Thus, if a rule provides that non-originating material, at a certain level of manufacture, may be used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed, and the use of such material at a later stage is not.
- 3.3 Without prejudice to Note 3.2, where a rule uses the expression "Manufacture from materials of any heading", then materials of any heading(s) (even materials of the same description and heading as the product) may be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule.
- 3.4 Where, in a rule in the list, two percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. In other words, the maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the higher of the percentage given. Furthermore the individual percentages must not be exceeded, in relation to the particular materials to which they apply.

#### Note 4:

4.1 For the purposes of headings ex 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, the "specific processes" are the following:

- (a) vacuum-distillation;
- (b) re-distillation by a very thorough fractionation-process;
- (c) cracking;
- (d) reforming
- (e) extraction by means of selective solvents;
- (f) the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated charcoal or bauxite
- (g) polymerisation;
- (h) alkylation; and/or
- (i) isomerisation.
- 4.2 For the purposes of headings 2710, 2711 and 2712, the "specific processes" are the following:
  - (a) vacuum-distillation;
  - (b) re-distillation by a very thorough fractionation-process;
  - (c) cracking;
  - (d) reforming;
  - (e) Extraction by means of selective solvents;
  - (f) the process comprising all of the following operations: processing with concentrated sulphuric acid, oleum or sulphuric anhydride; neutralisation with alkaline agents; decolourisation and purification with naturally active earth, activated charcoal or bauxite;
  - (g) polymerisation;
  - (h) alkylation;
  - (i) isomerisation;
  - (j) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, desulphurization with hydrogen, resulting in a reduction of at least 85 per cent of the sulphur-content of the products processed (ASTM D 1266-59 T method);

- (k) in respect of products of heading 2710 only, de-paraffining by a process other than filtering
- (I) in respect of heavy oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment with hydrogen, at a pressure of more than 20 bar and a temperature of more than 250 degrees C, with the use of a catalyst, other than to effect desulphurisation, when the hydrogen constitutes an active element in a chemical reaction. The further treatment, with hydrogen, of lubricating oils of heading ex 2710 (e.g. hydrofinishing or decolourisation), in order, more especially, to improve colour or stability shall not, however, be deemed to be a specific process;
- (m) in respect of fuel oils of heading 2710 only, atmospheric distillation, on condition that less than 30 per cent of these products distils, by volume, including losses, at 300 degrees C by the ASTM D 86 method;
- (n) in respect of heavy oils other than gas oils and fuel oils of heading ex 2710 only, treatment by means of a high-frequency electrical brush-discharge; and/or
- (o) in respect of crude products (other than petroleum jelly, ozokerite, lignite wax or peat wax, paraffin wax containing by weight less than 0.75 per cent of oil) of heading ex 2712 only, deoiling by fractional crystallisation.
- 4.3 For the purpose of headings 2707, 2713 to 2715, ex 2901, ex 2902 and ex 3403, simple operations, such as cleaning, decanting, desalting, water-separation, filtering, colouring, marking, obtaining a sulphurcontent as a result of mixing products with different sulphur contents, any combination if these operations or like operations, do not confer origin.
- 4.4 Chemical processing rules to confer originating status

Section VI of the HS tariff classification: Products of the Chemical or Allied Industries (Chapter 28-38)

Rule 1: Chemical Reaction Origin

A good of Chapters 28 through 38, which is subject to a chemical reaction, shall be treated as an originating good if the chemical reaction occurred in the territory of one or more of the Signatory Parties.

Note: For the purposes of this section, a "chemical reaction" is a process (including a biochemical process) that results in a molecule with a new structure by breaking intramolecular bonds and by forming new intramolecular bonds, or by altering the spatial arrangement of atoms in a molecule.

The following are not considered to be chemical reactions for the purposes of determining whether a product is an originating good:

- (a) dissolution in water or in other solvents;
- (b) the elimination of solvents including solvent water; or
- (c) the addition or elimination of water of crystallization.

Rule 2: Purification Origin

A good of Chapters 28 through 38, that is subject to purification, shall be treated as originating provided that one of the following occurs in the territory of one or more of the Signatory Parties:

- (a) purification of a good resulting in the elimination of 80 per cent of the content of existing impurities; or
- (b) the reduction or elimination of impurities resulting in a good suitable for one or more of the following applications:
  - (i) pharmaceutical, medicinal, cosmetic, veterinary, or food grade substances;

(ii) chemical products and reagents for analytical, diagnostic or laboratory uses;

- (iii) elements and components for use in micro-elements;
- (iv) specialized optical uses;
- (v) non toxic uses for health and safety;
- (vi) biotechnical use;
- (vii) carriers used in a separation process; or
- (viii) nuclear grade uses.

# APPENDIX II to ANNEX III:

List of working or processing required to be carried out on non-originating materials in order that the product manufactured can obtain originating status

Note: The products mentioned in the list may not all be covered by this Agreement. It is therefore necessary to consult the other parts of this Agreement. The working or processing mentioned hereunder will only be applicable to products specified in Annex I and Annex II of this Agreement.

HS Chapter, Heading or sub- heading	Description of the product	Working or processing carried out on non- originating materials that confers originating status	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Chapter 1	Live animals	All the animals of Chapter 1 shall be wholly obtained	
Chapter 2	Meat and edible meat offal	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 1 and 2 used are wholly obtained	
Chapter 3	Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained (1)	
Chapter 4	Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 5	Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 5 used are wholly obtained	
ex 0502.10	Prepared pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair	Cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and straightening of bristles and hair	
Chapter 6	Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 6 used wholly obtained, and the value of all materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product	
Chapter 7	Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained	
Chapter 8	Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruits or melons	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 8 used are wholly obtained	
ex Chapter 9 0904.20	Coffee, tea, maté and spices; except for:	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 9 used are wholly obtained	
ex 0910	Fruits of the genus Capsicum or of the genus Pimenta, dried or	Manufacture from materials of any heading	

HS Chapter, Heading or sub-	Description of the product	Working or processing carried out on non- originating materials that
heading		confers originating status
	crushed or ground	
	Curry and mixtures of spices	Manufacture from materials of any heading
Chapter 10	Cereals	Manufacture in which all the materials of
		Chapter 10 used are wholly obtained
1102.90	Other cereal flours	Manufacture in which all the materials of
		Chapter 10 used are wholly obtained
1105.20	Flakes, granules and pellets of	Manufacture in which all the materials of
	potatoes	Chapter 7 used are wholly obtained
1106.20		Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter
	Flour, meal and power of sago or of	7 used are wholly obtained
	roots or tubers of heading 0714	
1107.10	-	
-	Malt, not roasted	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter
		10 used are wholly obtained
Chapter 12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits;	Manufacture in which all materials of Chapter 12
	miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit;	used are wholly obtained
	industrial or medicinal plants; straw	
	and fodder	
1301	Lac; natural gums, resins, gum-resins	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials of
	and oleoresins (for example, balsams)	heading 1301 used does not exceed 50% of the
		price of the product
1302	Vegetable saps and extracts; peptic	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except
	substances, pectinates and pectates;	that of the product
	agar-agar and other mucilages and	
	thickeners, whether or not modified,	
	derived from vegetable products	
	Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable	Manufacture in which all the materials of
Chapter 14	products not elsewhere specified of	Chapter 14 used are wholly obtained
-	included	

	confers originating status	
Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats	Manufacture from materials of any heading,	
(excluding those of heading 1503)	except that of the product	
Lard stearin, lard oil, oleostearin, oleo-	Manufacture from materials of any heading,	
oil and tallow oil, not emulsified or	except that of the product	
mixed or otherwise prepared		
Soya-bean oil and its fractions,	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
whether or not refined, but not	Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtained	
chemically modified: - Crude oil,		
whether or not degummed		
Palm oil and its fractions, whether or	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
not refined, but not chemically	Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtained	
modified		
Sunflower-seed oil and fractions	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
thereof, whether or not refined, but not	Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtained	
chemically modified: - Crude oil		
Coconut (copra), palm kernel or	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
babassu oil and fractions thereof,	Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtained	
whether or not refined, but not		
chemically modified; except for:	Chapter 12 used are wholly obtained	
Deles konsel er bebesett sil er døbeir		
fractions thereof. Crude of		
Rape, colza or mustard oil and	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
fractions thereof, whether or not	Chapters 7, 12 and 15 used are wholly obtained	
refined, but not chemically modified		
Linseed oil and its fractions; Crude oil	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
and Other	Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtained	
Maize (corn) and its fractions: Crude	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters	
oil and Other	10 and 15 used are wholly obtained	
	Lard stearin, lard oil, oleostearin, oleo- oil and tallow oil, not emulsified or mixed or otherwise prepared Soya-bean oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified: - Crude oil, whether or not degummed Palm oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified Sunflower-seed oil and fractions thereof, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified: - Crude oil Coconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil and fractions thereof, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified; except for: Palm kernel or babassu oil and their fractions thereof: Crude oil Rape, colza or mustard oil and fractions thereof, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified Linseed oil and its fractions; Crude oil	Lard stearin, lard oil, oleostearin, oleo oil and tallow oil, not emulsified or mixed or otherwise preparedManufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the productSoya-bean oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified: - Crude oil, whether or not degummedManufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtainedPalm oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modifiedManufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtainedPalm oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modifiedManufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtainedSunflower-seed oil and fractions thereof, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified: - Crude oilManufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtainedCoconut (copra), palm kernel or babassu oil and fractions thereof, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified; except for:Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly obtainedPalm kernel or babassu oil and their fractions thereof: Crude oilManufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 12 used are wholly obtainedPalm kernel or babassu oil and their fractions thereof, whether or not refined, but not chemically modifiedManufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 12 used are wholly obtainedPalm kernel or babassu oil and their fractions thereof, whether or not refined, but not chemically modifiedManufacture in which all the materials of Chapters 7, 12 and 15 used are wholly obtainedLinseed oil and its fractions; Cru

HS Chapter, Heading or sub-	Description of the product	Working or processing carried out on non- originating materials that
heading		confers originating status
1515.50	Sesame oil and its fractions	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter
		15 used are wholly obtained, and all the materials
		of sub-heading 1207.40 used are wholly obtained
1515.90	Other fixed vegetable fats and oils	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters
		12 and 15 used are wholly obtained
1516.20	Vegetable fats and oils and their	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials
	fractions	used are wholly obtained
1517.10	Margarine	Manufacture in which all the vegetable materials
		used are wholly obtained
	Edible mixtures or preparations of	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters
1517.90	animal or vegetable fats or oils or of	2 and 4 used are wholly obtained and all the
	fractions of different fats or oils of this	vegetable materials used are wholly obtained
	chapter (excluding edible fats or oils or	
	their fractions of heading 15.16): Other	
1518	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapters
	their fractions, boiled, oxidised,	2, 12 and 15 used are wholly obtained
	dehydrated, sulphurised, blown,	
	polymerised by heat in vacuum or in	
	inert gas or otherwise chemically	
	modified (excluding those of heading	
	1516); inedible mixtures or	
	preparations of animal or vegetable	
	fats or oils or of fractions of different	
	fats or oils of this Chapter, not	
	elsewhere specified or included	
1521	Vegetable waxes (excluding	Manufacture from materials of any chapter,
	triglycerides), beeswax, other insect	except that of the product
	waxes and spermaceti, whether or not refined or coloured	
1601		Monufacture is which all the materials of
	Sausages and similar products, of	Manufacture in which all the materials of
	meat, meat offal or blood, food	Chapter 2 used are wholly obtained
	preparations based on these products	

HS Chapter, Heading or sub-	Description of the product	Working or processing carried out on non- originating materials that	
heading		confers originating status	ľ
1602	Other prepared or preserved meat,	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter	
	meat offal or blood	2 used are wholly obtained	
1604.13	Sardines and brisling or sprats	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
		Chapter 3 used are wholly obtained (1)	
1702	Other sugars, including chemically	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
	pure lactose, maltose, glucose and	Chapter 17 used are wholly obtained	l
	fructose, in solid form; sugar syrups		
	not containing added flavouring or		ľ
1903	Tapioca and substitutes therefore	Manufacture from materials of any heading,	
	prepared from starch, in the form of	except that of the product	l
	flakes, grains, pearls, siftings or		l
2001.10	Cucumbers and gherkins	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
		Chapters 7 and 8 used are wholly obtained	ľ
2004.10	Potatoes	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
		Chapters 7 and 8 used are wholly obtained	ľ
2004.90	Other vegetables prepared or	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
	preserved otherwise than by vinegar	Chapters 7 and 8 used are wholly obtained	ľ
	or acetic acid, frozen (excluding		
	products of heading 20.06): Other		
	vegetables and mixtures of		l
	vegetables		
	Other vegetables prepared or	Manufacture in which all the materials of	
2005.99	preserved otherwise than vinegar or	Chapters 7 and 8 used are wholly obtained	
	acetic acid, not frozen (excluding	Chapters 7 and 6 used are wholly obtained	
2008	Fruit, nuts and other edible parts of	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 7 and 8 used wholly	
	plants, otherwise prepared or	obtained and the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used doesn't	
	preserved, whether or not	not exceed 30% of the price of the product	
	containing added sugar or other		
	sweetening matter or spirit, not		
2009.90	Mixtures of fruit juices	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	

HS Chapter, Heading or sub-	Description of the product	Working or processing carried out on non- originating materials that	
heading		confers originating status	
2101.20	Extracts, essences and concentrates, of tea or maté, and preparations with a basis of these extracts, essences or concentrates or with a basis of tea or maté	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
2101.30	Roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes, and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in which all the chicory used is wholly obtained	
2103.30	Mustard flour and meal and prepared mustard	Manufacture from materials of any heading	
2104.10	Soups and broths and preparations therefor	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except prepared or preserved vegetables of headings 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005	
2104.20	Homogenised composite food preparations Food preparations not elsewhere	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,	
	specified or included; Other	and in which all the materials of Chapter 4 used are wholly obtained	
2106.90		and the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the price of the product	
2201.10	Mineral water and aerated waters	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
2202.10	Waters, including mineral waters and aerated waters, containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in which all the fruit juice used is originating and the value of all the materials of Chapter 17 used does not exceed 30% of the price of the product	
2208.30	Whiskies	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except headings 2207 or 2208	
ex 2208.40	Rum and other spirits obtained by distilling fermented sugarcane products; Rum and tafia	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except headings 2207 or 2208	
2208.70	Liqueurs and cordials	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of headings 2207 or 2208, and in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly obtained or, if all the other materials used are already originating arrack	
		may be used up to a limit of 5% by volume	

HS Chapter, Heading or sub-	Description of the product	Working or processing carried out on non- originating materials that
heading		confers originating status
	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
2209	obtained from acetic acid	And in which all the grapes or materials derived from grapes used are wholly
		obtained
2301	Flours, meals and pellets, of meat	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
	or meat offal, of fish or of	and in which all the materials of Chapter 7 and 10 used are wholly obtained
	crustaceans, molluscs or other	
	aquatic invertebrates, unfit for	
	human consumption; greaves	
2302	Bran, sharps and other residues,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
	whether or not in the form of pellets,	and in which all the materials of Chapters 7, 10 and 11 are wholly obtained
	derived from the sifting, milling or	
	other working of cereals or of	
	Residues of starch manufacture and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
	similar residues	and in which all the materials of Chapter 7, 10 and 11 used are wholly
2303.10		obtained
	Brewing or distilling dregs and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except of the product
	waste	
	Oil-cake and other solid residues,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
2304	whether or not ground or in the form	and in which all the materials of Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly
	of pellets, resulting from the	obtained
	extraction of sovabean oil	
2305	Oil-cake and other solid residues,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
	whether or not ground or in the form	and in which all the materials of Chapters 12 and 15 used are wholly
	of pellets, resulting from the	obtained
ex 2306	Oil-cake and other solid residues,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
	whether or not ground or in the form	and in which all the materials of Chapters 12 used are wholly obtained
	of pellets, resulting from the	
	extraction of vegetable fats or oils,	
	excluding those of heading 2304 or	
	2305 of cotton seeds, sunflower	

2306.90	Oil-cake and other solid residues,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
	whether or not ground or in the form of	and in which all the materials of Chapter 7, 10 and 12 used are wholly
	pellets, resulting from the extraction of	obtained
	vegetable fats or oils (excluding those	
	of heading 23.04 or 23.05): Other	
2308	Vegetable materials and vegetable waste,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
2300	vegetable residues and by-products,	
	whether or not in the form of pellets, of a	
	kind used in animal feeding, not	
	elsewhere specified or included	
2309.10	Preparations of a kind used in animal	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
	feeding; Dog or cat food put up for retail	and in which all the materials of Chapter 2, 3, 7, 10, 12 and 15 used
	sale	are wholly obtained; and in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17
	Preparations of a kind used in animal	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product,
2309.90	feeding; Other	and in which all the materials of Chapters 2, 3, 4, 7, 10, 12 and 15 used
		are wholly obtained; and in which the value of all the materials of Chapter 17
		used does not exceed 30% of the price of the product
2401.20	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed or	Manufacture in which all the materials of Chapter 24 used are wholly
	stripped	obtained
2501	Salt, (including table salt and denatured	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
	salt) and pure sodium chloride, whether or	
	not in aqueous solution or containing	
	added anti-caking or free- flowing agents;	
	sea water	

2701	Coal, briquettes, ovoids and similar solid	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	fuels manufactured from coal		
	Oils in which the weight of the aromatic	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (2) or Other	
2707	constituents exceed that of the non-	operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading	
	aromatic constituents, being oils similar to	other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as	
	mineral oils obtained by distillation of high	the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed	
	temperature coal tar, of which more than	50% of the price of the product	
	65% by volume distils at a temperature of		
	up to 250 *C (including mixtures of		
	petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as		
	power of heating fuels		
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
2713.20	Petroleum bitumen	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (2) or Other	
		operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading	
		other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as	
		the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed	
		50% of the price of the product	
	Other bitumen and asphalt, natural;	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (2) or Other	
2714.90	bituminous or oil shale and tar sands;	operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading	
	asphaltites and asphaltic rocks	other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as	
		the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed	
		50% of the price of the product	
ex Chapter 28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	compounds of previous metals, of rare-	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	earth metals, of radioactive elements or of	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
	isotopes; except for:	product	
2809.20	Phosphoric acid and polyphosphoric acids	Chemical reaction Rule 1 or Purification Rule 2	Manufacture in which the value of all the
			materials used does not exceed 50% of the
			price of the product
	•		

ex 2901	Acrylic hydrocarbons for use as power or	Operations of refining and/or one or more specific process(es) (2) or other	
	heating fuels; except for:	operations in which all the materials used are classified within a heading	
		other than that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as	
		the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed	
		50% of the price of the product	
2901.29	Acrylic hydrocarbons; Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
		However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
		provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
		product.	
2903	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
		However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
		provided that their total value does not exceeds 20% of the price of the	price of the product
		product	
	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated	Manufactured from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
2904.10	derivatives of hydrocarbons, whether	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	or not halogenated; Derivatives containing	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
	only sulpho groups, their salts and	product	
	ethyl esters		
	Acrylic alcohols and their halogenated,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
ex 2905	sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	derivatives; except for:	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
		product	
2905.19	Saturated monohydric alcohols; Other	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
			materials used does not exceed 50% of the
			price of the product
2905.29	Unsaturated monohydric alcohols;	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	Othe		materials used does not exceed 50% of the
			price of the product

2907	Phenols; phenol-alcohols	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
		However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
		provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
		product	
ex 2914	Ketones and quinones, whether or not with	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	other oxygen, function, and their	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
	nitrosated derivatives; except for:	product	
2914.50	Ketone-phenols and ketones with other	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	oxygen function		used does not exceed 50% of the price
2914.69	Quinones: Other	Manufacture from materials of any subheading except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
			used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
	Saturated acrylic monocarboxylic acids and	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all	Manufactured in which the value of all the materials
ex 2915	their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and	materials of headings 2915 and 2916 used shall not exceed 20% of the	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
	peroxyacids; their halogenated,	price of the product	product
	sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated		
	derivatives; except for:		
2915.24	Acetic anhydride	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
2915.39	Triacetine; 2*Ethylhexyl acetate; Isopropyl	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
2010.00	acetate	wandiactore norm materials of any neading, except that of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
2915.40	Mono-, di- or trichloroacetic acids, their	Chemical Reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
-	salts and esters		used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
2916.15		Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	and esters	However, materials of the same heading as the product be used, provided	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
		that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	product

2916.19	Unsaturated acrylic monocarboxylic acids,		Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	their anhydrides, halides, peroxides,	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
	peroxyacids and their derivatives; Other	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	product
		product	
ex 2917.19	Fumaric acid	Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
			used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
	Carboxylic acids with additional oxygen	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
ex 2918	function and their anhydrides, halides,	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
	peroxides and peroxyacids, their	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	product
	halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or	product	
	nitrosated derivatives; except for:		
2918.13	Salts and esters of tartaric acid	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	
		Observiced expertises Dude 4	
2918.22	O-Acetylsalicylic acid, its salts and esters;	Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	Other		used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
2918.29	Carboxylic acids with phenol function but		Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	without other oxygen function, their		used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
	anhydrides, halides, peroxides,		product
	peroxyacids and their derivatives; Other		
2918.91 and 2918.99	Phenoxyacetic acid, its salts and esters;	Manufacture from materials of any heading except that of the product	
2010.01 and 2010.00	2,4*Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4*D),		
	its salts and esters;		
	Dichlorophenoxybutanoic acids, their salts		
	and esters; Methylchlorophenoxyacetic		
	acid, it's salts and esters		
		Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	- Other		used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
ex 2921	Amine-function compounds; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
		However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the

1		product	
ex 2921.11		·	
	Dimethylamine	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	2,4*dichlorophenoxy*acetate and		
	Dimethylamine		
	methylchlorophenoxy*acetate		
2921.19	Acrylic monoamines and their derivatives;	Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	salts thereof: Other		used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
ex 2921.43	Toluidines and their derivatives; salts	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	
	thereof: Trifluraline		
	Aromatic monoamines and their	Chemical reaction Rule 1	
2921.49	derivatives; salts thereof: Other		Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
			used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
	Carboxyamide-function compounds;	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	product
			Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
ex 2924		However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
	acid; except for:	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	product
		product	
	Other Cyclic amides (including cyclic	Chemical reaction Rule 1	
2924.29	carbamates) and their derivatives; salts		Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
	thereof		used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
		Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
2931	salt and Phosphonomethylimmino diacetic		
	acid; Trimethylphosphonic acid		
	- Other organo-inorganic compounds	Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
			used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen	Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
ex 2933	hetero- atom(s) only; except for:		used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
			product
	Melamine	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
2933.61		materials of headings 2932 and 2933 used shall not exceed 20% of the	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
		price of the product	product
			1

2933.72	Clobazam (INN) and methyprylon (INN)	Manufacture from materials of any heading. However, the value of all the materials of headings 2932 and 2933 used shall not exceed 20% of the price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
ex 2934	Nucleic acids and their salts, whether or not chemically defined, other heterocyclic; compounds; except for:		Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
2934.20	Compounds containing in the structure a benzothiazole ring-system (whether or not hydrodenated), not further fused	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	
2934.30	Compounds containing in the structure a phenothiazine ring-system (whether or not hydrogenated), not further fused		
3003 and 3004	Medicaments (excluding goods of heading 3002, 3005 or 3006): - Obtained from amikacin of heading 2941		
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of headings 3003 and 3004 may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product, and the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product	
3005.10	Adhesive dressings and other articles having an adhesive layer	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
3102.10	Urea, whether or not in aqueous solution	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product	
3102.29	Double salts and mixtures of ammonium sulphate and ammonium nitrate	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product

3201.90	Tannins and their salts, ethers, esters and	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	other derivatives		materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
			of the product
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials
		However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	used does not exceed 50% of the price of the
		provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	product
		product	
-	Other colouring matter, preparations	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the	Manufacture in which the value of all the
3206	as specified in Note 3 to this Chapter	product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	(excluding those of heading 32.03, 32.04	be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price	of the product
	or 32.05); inorganic products of a kind	of the product	
	used as luminophores, whether or		
0000	not chemically defined		
3208	Paints and varnishes (including enamels	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	and lacquers) based on synthetic	product. However, materials of the same heading as the product may	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	polymers or chemically modified natural	be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price	price of the product
	polymers, dispersed or dissolved in a	of the product	
3210	non-aqueous medium; solutions		
	as defined in Note 4 to this Chapter		
	Other paints and varnishes (excluding	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	enamels, lacquers and distempers);	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	prepared water pigments of a kind used	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
	for finishing leather	product	

3212	Pigments (including metallic powders and	Manufacture from motobale of any 1 P and a first state	Manufacture in which the value of all the
3212	flakes) dispersed in non-aqueous media,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	in liquid or paste form, of a kind used	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	price of the product
	in the manufacture of paints (including	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
		product	
	enamels); stamping foils; dyes and other		
	colouring matter put up in forms		
	or packings for retail sale		
3214	Glaziers' putty, grafting putty, resin	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	cements, caulking compounds and other	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	mastics; painters' fillings; non-refractory	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	price of the product
	surfacing preparations for facades, indoor		
	walls, floors, ceilings or the like		
3215	Printing ink, writing of drawing ink and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	other inks, whether or not concentrated or	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	solid	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	price of the product
ex Chapter 33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	cosmetic or toilet preparations; except for:		materials used does not exceed 50% of the
			price of the product
	Essential oils (terpeneless or not),	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	
3301	including concretes and absolutes;		
	resinoids; extracted oleoresins;		
	concentrates of essential oils in fats, in		
	fixed oils, in waxes or the like, obtained by		
	enfleurage or maceration; terpenic by-		
	products of the deterpenation of essential		
	oils; aqueous distillates and aqueous		
	solutions of essential oils		
3402	Organic surface-active agents (excluding	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	soap); surface-active preparations,	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	washing preparations (including auxiliary		price of the product
		nrovided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the brice of the broduct	
	washing preparations) and cleaning	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	
		provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	

3404	Artificial waxes and prepared waxes: -	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	
	With a basis of paraffin, petroleum waxes,	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	
	waxes obtained from bituminous minerals,	provided that their total value does not exceed 50% of the price of the product	
	slack wax or scale wax		
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except: hydrogenated oils	Manufacture in which the value of all the
		having the character of waxes of heading 1516, fatty acids not chemically	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
		defined or industrial fatty alcohols having the character of waxes of	price of the product
		heading 3823, and materials of heading 3404. However, these materials	
		may be used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the	
		price of the product	
Chapter 35	Albuminoidal substances; modified	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	starches; glues; enzymes	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
		provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	price of the product
3701.10 and 3701.30	Photographic or cinematographic goods: -	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	For X- ray and - Other plates and film,	3701 and 3702. However, materials of headings 3701 and 3702 may be	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	with any side exceeding 255 mm	used, provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the	price of the product
		product	
3702	Photographic film in rolls, sensitised,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except those of headings	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	unexposed, of any material (excluding	3701 and 3702	materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	paper, paperboard or textiles); instant		price of the product
	print film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed:		
	Other film, without perforations, of a width		
	exceeding 105 mm		
3703.20	Photographic paper, paperboard and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	textiles, sensitised, unexposed: Other	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	photographic paper, paperboard and	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	of the product
	textiles, sensitised, unexposed for colour		
	photography (polychrome)		
3706.10	Cinematographic film, exposed and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	developed, whether or not incorporating	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	sound track or consisting only of sound	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	of the product
	track: of a width of 35 mm or more		
	Chemical preparations for photographic	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
3707.90	uses (other than varnishes, glues,	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	adhesives and similar preparations);	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	of the product
	unmixed products for photographic uses,		
	put up in measured portions or put up for		
	retail sale in a form ready for use: Other		

3802.90	Activated carbon, activated natural	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	Manufacture in which the value of all the
0002.00	mineral products; animal black, including	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	spent animal black: Other	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	of the product
	spent animal black. Other		or the product
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides,	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	herbicides, anti-sprouting products and	50% of the price of the products	
	plant-growth regulators, disinfectants and		
	similar products, put up in forms or		
	packings for retail sale or as preparations		
	or articles (for example, sulphur- treated		
	bands, wicks and candles, and fly-		
	papers)		
3812.30	Anti-oxidising preparations and other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	compound stabilisers for rubber or	Manufacture from materials of any nearing, except that of the product	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	plastics		
3815.12	Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of all the
	and catalytic preparations, not elsewhere	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	specified or included: With precious metal	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	of the product
	or precious metal compounds as the	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	
	active substance		
3819	Hydraulic brake fluids and other prepared		Manufacture in which the value of all the
0010	liquids for hydraulic transmission, not	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	containing or containing less than 70% by	However, materials of the same heading as the product may be used,	of the product
	mass of petroleum oils or oils obtained	provided that their total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product	or the product
	•		
2820	from bituminous minerals		
3820	Anti-freezing preparations and prepared	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	de-icing fluids	50% of the price of the product	
2022	Diagnostia er laborsteri recrette er		
3822	Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	backing, prepared diagnostic or laboratory	50% of the price of the product	
	reagents whether or not on a backing,		
	(excluding those of heading 3002 or		
	3006); certified reference materials		

3823.11	Stearic acid	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
ex 3824	Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any subheading, except that of the product	
ex 3824.90	Naphthenic acids, their water-insoluble salts and their esters	Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
ex 3901 to 3913	Plastics in primary forms; except for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and those of heading 3915, and in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product	
3907.40 and 3907.50	Polycarbonates and Alkyd resins	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and those of heading 3915	
3907.60	Poly(ethylene terephthalate)	Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product and those of heading 3915	
3907.70	Poly(lactic acid)	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and those of heading 3915	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product. However, materials of heading 3915 may not be used
3907.99	Other polyesters: - Poly(butylene terephthalate) with glass fiber	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and those of heading 3915	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product. However, materials of heading
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and those of heading 3915	3915 may not be used
3909.10	Urea resins; thiourea resins	Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product and those of heading 3915	
3913.90	Natural polymers (for example, alginic acid) and modified natural polymers (for example, hardened proteins, chemical derivatives of natural rubber), not elsewhere specified or included, in primary forms: Other	Chemical reaction Rule 1	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product. However, materials of heading 3915 may not be used
3915	Waste, parings and scrap, of plastics	Manufacture in which all the materials used must be wholly obtained	

	Semi-manufactures and articles of	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
3915	plastics		materials used does not exceed 50% of the
			price of the product
3916 to 3926			
4002	Synthetic rubber and factice derived from	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	oils, in primary forms or in plates, sheets		
	or strip; mixtures of any product of		
	heading 4001 with any product of this		
	heading. In primary forms or in plates,		
	sheets or strip		
4005	Compounded rubber, unvulcanised, in	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used, except natural	
	primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip	rubber, does not exceed 50% of the price of the product	
4008	Plates, sheets, strip, rods and profile	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	shapes, of vulcanised rubber other than		
	hard rubber		
4014.10	Sheath contraceptives	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	Other articles of vulcanised rubber other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
4016	than hard rubber		
4101; 4102 and 4103	Raw hides and skins (fresh, or salted,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	dried, limed, pickled or otherwise		
	preserved, but not tanned, parchment-		
	dressed or further prepared)		
4301	Raw furskins (including heads, tails, paws	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	and other pieces or cuttings, suitable for		
	furriers' use), other than raw hides and		
	skins of heading 4101, 4102 and 4103		
4420	Wood marquetry and inlaid wood; caskets	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	and cases for jewellery or cutlery, and		
	similar articles, of wood; statuettes and		
	other ornaments, of wood; wooden		
	articles of furniture not falling in Chapter		
	94		

pard, of a Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product
pard of a Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product
g or other
perforated
paper, in
ng square
g paper of
nand-made
erboard, in Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product
of heading
erboard, in Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product
of heading
erboard, in Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product
worked or
Note 3 to
aperboard
on one or Manufacture from paper making materials of Chapter 47
a clay) or
with or
no other
e-coloured,
in rolls or
sheets, of
periodicals, Manufacture from materials of any chapter, except that of the product
containing
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5003	Other silk waste (including cocoons	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and		
	garnetted stock)		
	Other woven fabrics of silk or of silk waste	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
5007.90			
5101	Wool, not carded or combed	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
5102	Fine or coarse hair, not carded or combed	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
5103	Waste of wool or of fine or coarse animal	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	hair, including yarn waste but excluding		
	garnetted stock		
5106.20	Yarn of carded wool, not put up for retail	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	sale; Containing less than 85 per cent by		Manufacture in which the value of all the
	mass of wool		materials used does not exceed 40% of the price
5201	Cotton not corded or combed	Manufacture from materials of any booding, execut that of the product and in	of the product
5201	Cotton, not carded or combed	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and in	
		which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the price of	
		the product	
	Cotton waste, (including yarn waste and	Manufacture from any materials of any heading, except that of the product	
5202.01	garnetted stock) - Garnetted stock	and in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the	
5202.91		price of the product	
	Cotton yarn (excluding sewing thread),	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	containing less than 85 per cent by mass		
5006	of cotton, not put up for retail sale		
5206	Woven fabrics of cotton, containing 85 per	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	cent or more by mass of cotton, of a mass		
5209	exceeding 200 g/m <sup>2</sup>		
5209			
5402	Synthetic filament yarn (excluding sewing	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	thread), not put up for retail sale, including	mandractore norm materials of any neading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	synthetic monofilament of less than 67		materials used does not exceed 40% of the
	decitex		price of the product
	GOLICA		
5603	Nonwovens, whether or not impregnated,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	coated, covered or laminated		

5902	Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity yarn of	Manufacture from materials of any baseling and that of the model and	
3302	nylon or other polyamides; polyesters or	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and	
		provided that manufacture entails the processes of the cabling of the yarn, the	
	viscose rayon	weaving of the fabric and dipping of the final product	
	Transmission or conveyor belts or belting,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and	
5910	of textile material, whether or not	provided that manufacture entails the processes of the cabling of the yarn, the	
	impregnated, coated, covered or	weaving of the fabric and dipping of the final product	
	laminated with plastics, or reinforced with		
	metal or other material		
Chapter 61	Articles of apparel and clothing	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	accessories, knitted or crocheted		materials used does not exceed 40% of the
			price of the product
6203	Men's or boy's suits, ensembles, jackets,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	blazers, trousers, bib and brace overalls,		materials used does not exceed 40% of the
	breeches and shorts (excluding		price of the product
	swimwear)		pice of the product
6204	Woman's or girl's suits, ensembles,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	jackets, blazers, dresses, skirts, divided	incheration of the product	materials used does not exceed 40% of the
	skirts, trousers, bib and brace overalls,		
	breeches and shorts (excluding		price of the product
	swimwear)		
Chapter 68	Articles of stone, plaster, cement,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	asbestos, mica or similar materials		
Chapter 69	Ceramic products	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
7115.90	Articles of precious metal or of metal clad	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	with precious metal: Other		
7220.20	Flat-rolled products of stainless steel, of a	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7218	
	width of less than 600 mm: Not further		
	worked than cold-rolled (cold-reduced)		
7222.40	Angles, shapes and sections of stainless	Manufacture from ingots or other primary forms of heading 7218	
	steel		

7302.10	Railway or tramway rails	Manufacture from materials of heading 7206	
7307	Tube or pipe fittings of stainless steel	Turning, drilling, reaming, threading, deburring and sandblasting of forged	
	(ISO NoX5CrNiMo 1712) consisting of	blanks, provided that the total value of the forged blanks used does not	
	several parts	exceed 35% of the price of the product	
	- Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading except that of the product	
7307.19	Cast fittings : Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and	
		those of headings 7201, 7206, 7218 and 7224	
7307.93	Other: Butt welding fittings	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and	
		those of headings 7201. 7206, 7218 and 7224	
ex 7308	Structures (excluding prefabricated	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.	
	buildings of heading 94.06) and parts of	However, welded angles, shapes and sections of heading 7301 may not be	
	structures (for example, bridges and	used	
	bridge sections, lock gates, towers, lattice		
	masts, roofs, roofing frame works, doors		
	and windows and their frames and		
	thresholds for doors, shutters,		
	balustrades, pillars and columns), of iron		
	or steel, plates, rods, angles, shapes,		
	sections, tubes and the like, prepared for		
	use in structures, of iron or steel; except		
	for:	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in	
		which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the price of	
7308.20	- Towers and lattice masts	the product	
7309	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in	
	containers for any material (other than	which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the price of	
	compressed or liquefied gas), of iron or	the product	
	steel, of a capacity exceeding 300 li,		
	whether or not lined or heat insulated, but		
	not fitted with mechanical or thermal		
	equipment		
L			

7310.21 and 7310.29	Tanks, casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers, for any material (excluding compressed or liquefied gas), of iron or steel, of a capacity not exceeding 300 li, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment: Of a capacity of less than 50 li		
7311	Containers for compressed or liquefied gas, of iron or steel	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the price of the product	
7321	Stoves, ranges, grates, cookers (including those with subsidiary boilers for central heating), barbecues, braziers, gas-rings, plate warmers and similar non-electric domestic appliances, and parts thereof, of iron or steel	which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of	
7323.10	Iron or steel wool; pot scourers and scouring or polishing pads, gloves and the like		Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
7325	Other cast articles of iron or steel	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
7326	Other articles of iron or steel	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
7407 to 7419	Articles of copper	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
7604.29	Aluminium bars, rods and profiles: Hollow profiles: Other	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
7605	Aluminium wire	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product and those of heading 7604	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of the product
	Aluminium plates, sheets and strip, of a	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in	

7606.12	thickness exceeding 0,2 mm: Rectangular	which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of	
	(including square): Of aluminium alloys	the product	
	Aluminium foil (whether or not printed or	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product, and in	
	backed with paper, paperboard, plastics	which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 50% of the price of	
7607.19 and 7607.20	or similar backing materials) of a	the product	
	thickness (excluding any backing) not		
	exceeding 0.2 mm: Not backed: Other,		
	and Backed		
7609	Aluminium tube or pipe fittings (for	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	example, couplings, elbows, sleeves)		materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
			of the product
7612	Aluminium casks, drums, cans, boxes and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	similar containers (including rigid or		
	collapsible tubular containers), for any		
	material (excluding compressed or		
	liquefied gas), of a capacity not exceeding		
	300 li, whether or not lined or heat-		
	insulated , but not fitted with mechanical		
	or thermal equipment		
7616	Other articles of aluminium	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
Chapter 82	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	forks, of base metal; parts thereof of base		
	metal		
8301	Padlocks and locks (key, combination or	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	electrically operated); of base metal;		Manufacture in which the value of all the
	clasps and frames with clasps,		materials used does not exceed 50% of the price
	incorporating locks, of base metal; keys		of the product
	for any of the foregoing articles, of base		
	metal		
ex 8302	Base metal mountings, fittings and similar	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	articles suitable for furniture, doors,		
	staircases, windows, blinds, coachwork,		
	saddlery, trunks, chests, caskets or the		
	like, base metal hat-racks, hat-pegs,		
	brackets and similar fixtures; castors with		
	mountings of base metal; automatic door		
	closers of base metal; except for:		

8302.41	Other mountings, fittings and similar	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.
	articles Suitable for buildings	However, other materials of heading 8302 may be used, provided that their
		total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product
	Automatic door closers	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product.
8302.60		However, other materials of heading 8302 may be used, provided that their
		total value does not exceed 20% of the price of the product
	Armoured or reinforced safes, strong-	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
8303	boxes and doors and safe deposit lockers	
	for strong-rooms, cash or deed boxes and	
	the like, of base metal	
	Fittings for loose-leaf binders or files,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
8305.20	letter clips, letter corners, paper clips,	
	indexing tags and similar office articles, of	
	base metal; staples in strips (for example,	
	for offices, upholstery, packaging), of	
	base metal: Staples in strips	
	Clasps, frames with clasps, buckles,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
8308	buckle- clasps, hooks, eyes, eyelets and	
	the like, of base metal, of a kind used for	
	clothing, footwear, awnings, handbags,	
	travel goods or other made up articles;	
	tubular or bifurcated rivets, of base metal;	
	beads and spangles, of base metal	
8309.10	Stoppers, caps and lids (including crown	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
	corks, screw caps and pouring stoppers),	
	capsules for bottles, threaded bungs,	
	bung covers, seals and other packing	
	accessories, of base metal: Crown corks	
8310	Sign-plates, name-plates, address-plates	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product
	and similar plates, numbers, letters and	
	other symbols, of base metal, excluding	
	those of heading 9405	

Chapter 84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	mechanical appliances; parts thereof	50% of the price of the product	
Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment and	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	parts thereof; sound recorders and	50% of the price of the product	
	reproducers, television image and sound		
	recorders and reproducers, and parts and		
	accessories of such articles		
8602.10	Diesel-electric locomotives	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the price of the product	
	Parts of railway or tramway locomotives	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
8607	or rolling-stock	50% of the price of the product	
8712	Bicycles and other cycles (including	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	delivery tri- cycles), not motorised	40% of the price of the product	
8903	Yachts and other vessels for pleasure or	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	sports; rowing boats and canoes	50% of the price of the product	
Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic,	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	measuring, checking, precision, medical	50% of the price of the product	
	or surgical instruments and apparatus,		
	parts and accessories thereof		

9302	Revolvers and pistols (excluding those of	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	heading 9303 and 9304)	50% of the price of the product	
	Other firearms and similar devices which	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
9303.20	operate by the firing of an explosive	50% of the price of the product	
	charge (for example, sporting shotguns		
	and rifles, muzzle-loading firearms, very		
	pistols and other devices designed to		
	project only signal flares, pistols and		
	revolvers for firing blank ammunition,		
	captive-bolt humane killers, line-throwing		
	guns): - Other sporting, hunting or target-		
	shooting shotguns, including combination		
	shotgun-rifles		
	Other firearms and similar devices which	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
9303.30	operate by the firing of an explosive	50% of the price of the product	
	charge (for example, sporting shotguns		
	and rifles, muzzle-loading firearms, very		
	pistols and other devices designed to		
	project only signal flares, pistols and		
	revolvers for firing blank ammunition,		
	captive-bolt humane killers, line-throwing		
	guns); Other sporting, hunting or target-		
	shooting rifles		
9305.21 and 9305.29	Parts and accessories of shotguns or	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	rifles of heading 9303	50% of the price of the product	
9306.21	Shotgun cartridges and parts thereof;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	Cartridges	50% of the price of the product	
9306.29	Shotgun cartridges and parts thereof;	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	Other	50% of the price of the	
9603.30	Other cartridges and parts thereof	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
		50% of the price of the product	
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ex Chapter 94	Euroituro bodding mattrospos mattrosp	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
ex chapter 94	Furniture, bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	furnishings; lamps and lighting fittings, not		materials used does not exceed 40% of the price
	elsewhere specified or included;		of the product
	illuminated signs, illuminated name-plates		
	and the like; prefabricated buildings;		
	except for:		
ex 9401 and ex 9403	Base metal furniture, incorporating unstuffed cotton cloth of a weight of 300	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product or manufacture from cotton cloth already made up in a form ready for use with	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed 40% of the
	g/m <sup>2</sup> or less	materials of headings 9401 or 9403, provided that: the value of the cloth	price of the product
	g	does not exceed 25% of the price of the product, and all the other materials	
		used are originating and are classified in a heading other than headings	
		9401 or 9403	
9405	Lamps and lighting fittings including	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
9409	searchlights and spotlights and parts		materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	thereof, not elsewhere specified or		price of the product
	included, illuminated signs, illuminated		
	name-plates and the like, having a		
	permanently fixed light source, and parts		
	thereof not elsewhere specified or		
	included		
9406	Prefabricated buildings	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
3400		50% of the price of the product	
9503	Tricycles, scooters, pedal cars and similar	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	Manufacture in which the value of all the
	wheeled toys; dolls; other toys; reduced-		materials used does not exceed 50% of the
	size ("scale") models and similar		price of the product
	recreational models, working or not;		
	puzzles of all kinds		
9504.30	Articles for funfair, table or parlour games,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	including pintables, billiards, special		
	tables for casino games and automatic		
	bowling alley equipment: Other games,		
	operated by coins, banknotes, bankcards,		
	tokens or by other means of payment		

9504.90	Articles for funfair, table or parlour games,		
	including pintables, billiards, special	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	tables for casino games and automatic		
	bowling alley equipment: Other		
9505	Festive, carnival or other entertainment	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	articles, including conjuring tricks and		
	novelty jokes		
9506	Articles and equipment for general		
9500	physical exercise, gymnastics, athletics,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	other sports (including table tennis) or		
	outdoor games, not specified or included		
	elsewhere in this Chapter; swimming		
0507.00	pools and paddling pools		
9507.30	Fishing reels	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
9603	Brooms, brushes (including brushes	Manufacture in which the value of all the materials used does not exceed	
	constituting parts of machines, appliances	50% of the price of the product	
	or vehicles), hand operated mechanical		
	floor sweepers, not motorised, mops and		
	feather dusters; prepared knots and tufts		
	for broom or brush making; paint pads		
	and rollers; squeegees (excluding roller		
	squeegees)		
9607.20	Slide fasteners and parts thereof: Parts	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
9608.10	Ball point pens	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
9608.20	Felt tipped and other porous-tipped pens	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	and markers		
9609	Pencils (other than pencils of heading	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	9608) crayons, pencil leads, pastels,		
	drawing charcoals, writing or drawing		
	chalks and tailors' chalks		

9615	Combs, hair-slides and the like, hairpins,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	curling pins, curling grips, hair-curlers and		
	the like (excluding those of heading		
	8516), and parts thereof		
9616.10	Scent sprays and similar toilet sprays, and	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	mounts and heads therefor		
9617	Vacuum flasks and other vacuum vessels,	Manufacture from materials of any heading, except that of the product	
	complete with cases; parts thereof		
	(excluding glass inners)		

# List of footnotes

- (1) The fish crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates shall be deemed originating even if they were cultivated from non-originating fry or larvae ("Fry" means immature fish at a post- larvae stage, including fingerlings, parr, smolts and elvers).
- (2) For the special conditions relating to "specific processes", see introductory Notes 4.1 and 4.2

## ANNEX III

# APPENDIX III

Specimens of SACU - MERCOSUR certificate of origin and application for a SACU - MERCOSUR certificate of origin

# **Printing instructions**

- 1. Each form shall measure 210 x 297 mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m<sup>2</sup>. It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.
- 2. The competent authorities of Mercosur and the Customs authorities of SACU may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each form must include a reference to such approval. Each form must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

1. Exporter (Name, full physical address and	N° A 000.000				
country)					
	2. CERTIFICATE OF OF	RIGIN USED	IN PR	EFERENTIAL TRADE	
	BETWEEN				
	and				
	(Insert the appropriate c				
	traded)	ountries bet	weenv		
2 Consistence (Manual full the sized address and	(laueu)				
3. Consignee (Name, full physical address and					
country)	4. Includes products s	subject		the under-mentioned	
	to tariff rate quota <sup>(1)</sup>		-	ucts originate in a free	
	T YES		zone	? <sup>(1)</sup>	
	NO NO			Yes	
				No	
6. Transport details	7. Remarks				
8. Item number; marks and numbers; number and	kind of packages <sup>(2)</sup>	9. Gros		10. Invoice	
description of goods <sup>(3)</sup>	kind of packages ,				
description of goods"		weight		number(s) and	
		or othe		date(s)	
		measur			
		(no., litr			
		m³, etc.	)		
			•		
11. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER	12. CERTIFICATIO	ON BY THE			
	CUSTOMS OR CO	OMPETENT			
I, the undersigned, declare that the goods	AUTHORITY				
described above meet the conditions required for	or The declaration by	the exporte	r		
the issue of this certificate.	have been vertified	and found	to		
	be in compliance v	be in compliance with			
Place:	requirements of Annex III.				
				(Insert date and	
	Export document r	umber and		stamp)	
	date:				
Date:					
		Customs or competent authority			
			y		
	office and country				
(Signature)					
	(Signature)				

erification carried out shows this certificate (1)
<ul> <li>was issued by the Customs Office or competent authority indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.</li> <li>Does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended).</li> </ul>
equested Customs or competent authority: nsert name and address of the requested authority)
esert date and s <i>tamp)</i>
<i>(Signature)</i> (2) Insert X in the appropriate box.
n: 

(1) Insert X in the appropriate box.

(2) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state "in bulk" as appropriate.

(3) Includes the tariff classification of the goods.

### Notes

- 1. Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialed by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the Customs authorities or competent authority of the issuing country.
- 2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
- 3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.
- 4. In the cases of traded goods invoiced by a third operator, the following (reproduced from the commercial invoice) shall be inserted in Box 7: the name, address and country of the supplier of the goods and the number and date of the invoice therefor. If this number is not known at the time the certificate is issued, the importer shall present to the corresponding customs authorities or a competent authority a sworn declaration giving the reasons for that.

# APPLICATION FOR A SACU - MERCOSUR CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN

1. Exporter (Name, full physical address and country)		N° A 000.000		
	2. CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN USED IN PREFERENTIAL TRADE BETWEEN			
		and		
3. Consignee (Name, full physical address and country)	(Insert the appropriate c	ountries between w traded)	hich the products are	
	4. Products are considered originating in <sup>(1)</sup> SACU     MERCOSUR	pro	e under-mentioned ducts originate in a e zone? <sup>(1)</sup>	
6. Transport details	7. Remarks			
8. Item number; marks and numbers; number and kindescription of goods <sup>(3)</sup>	d of packages <sup>(2)</sup> ;	9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (no., litres, m <sup>3</sup> , etc.)	10. Invoice number(s) and date(s)	

1) Insert X in the appropriate box.

(2) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state "in bulk" as appropriate.

(3) Includes the tariff classification of the goods.

## DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,

DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate and that the the goods do not originate in a free zone;

SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:

SUBMIT the following supporting documents  $^{(1)}$ :

UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities ; and

REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.

(Place and date).....

(Signature).....

<sup>(1)</sup> For example: import documents, certificates of origin, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., the referring to the products used in manufacture.

## ANNEX III

### APPENDIX IV

#### **Understanding the Free Zones**

SACU and MERCOSUR agree to continue their work to develop a common approach to the treatment of products manufactured or produced in Free Zones. In doing so, they will ensure balance in the PTA and consider the specific role and impact of Free Zones in the economic development of the Signatory Parties. For that purpose:

1. Within ninety (90) days after the signing of the Preferential Trade Agreement (PTA) between MERCOSUR and SACU, the Signatory Parties will designate focal points (names, titles, positions, contacts) for carrying out the commitments established in this Understanding.

2. Within thirty (30) days after the designation of the focal points, MERCOSUR and SACU will create a Joint Working Group to:

- (a) analyze the rules, operations and overall procedures of Free Zones in MERCOSUR and SACU,
- (b) facilitate missions, that may include Embassy officials, to visit Free Zones in the respective territories of the Parties in order to verify *in loco* the conditions under which they operate (including customs controls), and
- (c) make recommendations on the treatment of goods from Free Zones under the PTA, taking into account the importance of effective customs controls and compliance with rules of origin of the PTA.

3. Within the Joint Working Group, MERCOSUR and SACU will exchange requests for documents and information they may consider necessary for the assessments on their Free Zones. Both sides will respond to questions and requests within a reasonable period of time after receiving them.

4. The Joint Working Group shall submit its findings and proposals to the Joint Administration Committee for a decision.